

PARAPHRASE OF GRANT BY SMALL

Says He Will Fight It Out
Along These Lines.

Hope of Governmental Interference
Swells Big in Breast of the
Strikers.

SITUATION IS NOT CHANGED.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—"We shall fight it out along these lines, if it takes all winter," said President Small, of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union today. "We are able to hold out until December with our present resources, and can increase our assets at that time to fight the companies for an indefinite period."

Strikers Encouraged.

New York, Aug. 22.—The striking telegraphers were encouraged by a well founded report from Washington that Commissioner of Labor Neill will shortly lay before President Roosevelt all the information he has collected regarding the telegraphists' situation.

The commissioner has been in communication with the heads of the telegraph companies and today in Washington he met representatives of the strikers. It is inconceivable that he should devote so much time to the subject unofficially and without a definite purpose.

At his office today Mr. Neill was busy compiling his telegraphic information, and there came no denial of the report that he will shortly forward a communication to the strike leaders and the companies.

The strike in New York appears to have developed into a waiting contest, a test of endurance. The telegraph companies have rounded up enough men to make a showing, although the service is sadly crippled and messages are accepted only subject to indefinite delay.

The companies are suffering enormously from loss of business, due to the well-grounded lack of public confidence in the service, but they would rather pocket this loss for a few weeks than give in to the union.

That the ranks of the strikers have not been broken was proven today from the lips of Superintendent Brooks, of the Western Union. He made it a point of telling how a single union man had returned to work, tearing up his union card and throwing it on the floor of the office. This is the first union man to go back, and the strikers have already learned his identity. On the other hand, the strikers claimed eight strike-breakers from the two offices today.

The strikers will bend their efforts the next few days to proving that an illegal combination exists between the Western Union and the Postal.

"We propose to show," said Mr. Danahell, "that the recent raise in telegraph tariffs was unnecessary, and that the companies are profiting enormously. The 10 per cent. raise in salaries, which they made in March was only a drop in the bucket. The companies, an average of \$150,000 worth of business a year, on each wire between Chicago and New York, yet they rent a leased wire to a private concern for \$20,000 and make a profit on it."

Vandalia Discharges Men.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 22.—The Vandalia railroad has discharged several members of the Order of Railway Telegraphers for refusing to handle commercial messages and has hired non-union men. The general chairman of the order is here in conference with strike leaders.

Operator Insane From Overwork.

New York, Aug. 22.—Driven insane by exhaustion, due to overwork and long hours, Harry Henkin, a telegraph operator in the main office of the Western Union building, at 115 Broadway, was taken to Bellevue hospital today.

Henkin, who lives in Brooklyn, was working at his key when his brain gave way. He had been acting strangely since he came to work in the morning, and finally Sergeant Higgins and Patrolman Roberts were called in. They found Henkin muttering to himself and saying "God bless you" every few moments to those around him. He had a bottle half filled with water and asked for a drink before the policemen took him out.

He resisted for a few moments, but afterward became quiet and ac-

WEATHER FORECAST.



Scattered showers tonight, Friday fair and warmer. Highest temperature yesterday, 75; lowest today, 64.

ANOTHER DISH.

New York, Aug. 22.—Half a dozen men are lying at the point of death today and a score of others are in the hospitals as the result of a riot in which 8,000 men participated late yesterday at the outing of the "Tommy Jefferson club" at College Point, L. I. The riots started in a quarrel, because one of the picketers demanded a second dish of ice cream.

BRASTIC.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 22.—In a statement made public today Governor Eason grants the railroad companies until October 1 to comply with the recently enacted rate laws. If they do not comply by that time he declares he will call a special session of the legislature to urge the enactment of even more drastic laws.

ALL BURN.

Warsaw, Ind., Aug. 22.—In a gasoline explosion this morning Charles Webster, his wife and child, aged 2 years, were burned to death in their home near here. Mrs. Webster lighted the fire and when the tank exploded gasoline was thrown over her and the child. Webster tried to rescue them and his clothes caught fire and he was overcome. The house was consumed and their charred bodies were found in the debris.

BROKERS BROKE.

New York, Aug. 22.—The failure of Mills Bros. & Company was announced on stock exchange today. The firm was two years old. The failure is said to be the sequel to the failure of James H. Bennett last October. It is understood the crash is a small one.

WILLIAMS SAFE.

New York, Aug. 22.—Dispatches from Berne, Switzerland, states that Francis MacMillen, the American climber, reported lost in the Alps, is safe.

SIBERIAN REVOLT.

South Petersburg, Aug. 22.—Following a serious outbreak of soldiers along the Manchurian borders lately and a number of military General Potemkin filed with the czar a special request, declaring the Siberian troops completely out of hand. In the event of a general revolt the general declares the soldiers will without doubt side with the revolutionists.

PEASANTS IN ARMS.

Buda-Pest, Aug. 22.—A bloody encounter between peasants and Hungarian soldiers, resulting in scores of casualties, occurred at Mosar. The soldiers invaded the town, plundering the homes of peasants, who armed themselves with scythes, pitchforks, guns and swords and attacked the soldiers' camp at night. Twenty-seven were killed and 50 wounded. Several soldiers were horribly lacerated on account of the crude weapons used by the peasants.

Accompanied the policemen outside where he asked for more water. Mr. Henkin told the hospital authorities that her husband had decided to stick by the company when the break with the telegraphers came about a week ago, although he belonged to the local union. He had worked long hours. Mrs. Henkin said, and she attributed his present condition partly to this fact.

SAMPLES OF SOIL TO BE ANALYZED

State Inspectors Are in Western Kentucky.

How Agriculture Experts at Lexington Determine Nature of Land and Adaptability.

GO TO LIVINGSTON COUNTY.

August F. Foerste, chief; Graham Edgar and George F. Brockman, members of the state geological survey, are in western Kentucky. Mr. Foerste passed through Paducah this morning en route to Smithland, where he will take samples of Livingston county soil. It is his first time up to this end of the state, and the result of the inspectors' work will be greatly beneficial to farmers. McCracken county will be worked in a week by all three representatives, and headquarters will be maintained here while surrounding counties are worked.

"We have come into western Kentucky to take samples of soil, and will send said soil from every section to Lexington for analysis," said Chief Foerste at the train this morning. "Annually farmers spend three and a half million dollars for fertilizers and the best result is not always obtained. For instance, one farmer may have good soil for tobacco, while his neighbor may have land adapted entirely to a different product. Because his neighbor is successful with one class of fertilizer, the owner of poorer land buys the same, with a result that his land yields no better crop than formerly. To get at the bottom of the trouble is what the state is trying to do, and this is why we are out."

Chief Foerste carried a small trolly which he drives into the ground to a depth of several feet. The soil is carefully preserved in the tube drill and sent to the experiment station at Lexington. It is analyzed, and the result sent to the owner of the farm. He is advised as to what kind of fertilizer he should use and for what purpose his land is adapted.

"We have been in Graves county, the three of us," stated Chief Foerste, "and in two days covered 240 miles. This morning we start in different counties. I took Livingston county, Mr. Edgar took Lyon county and Mr. Brockman Caldwell county. It will require about one week for us to finish our territory, and then we shall meet here to compile and work McCracken county."

The only tools used by the inspectors are several hammers of different weights and the tube drill. The drill is too long for the satchel in which the hammers are carried, and is carried in the hand.

PREACHERS' UNION LATEST IN KANSAS

Coffeyville, Kan., Aug. 22.—As the result of a conference, the ministers of Coffeyville will announce a union scale of prices for conducting funerals and will appoint a committee to start the movement towards securing a state law to fix the price.

EDWARD STEWART WAS TO HAVE BEEN WED

Nothing has been received here of the recovery of the body of Edward Stewart, who was drowned at Memphis Tuesday. The family will be notified as soon as it is found. Searching parties have worked diligently since the drowning. A sad feature of the young man's death is that he was engaged to Miss Lillian Dicke, of Tennessee street, in this city, and the marriage would have taken place this autumn.

BOYLE TAKES APPEAL TO CIRCUIT COURT

Attorneys for Hugh Boyle this morning filed in circuit court appeals in three cases, wherein Boyle was fined in the police court for selling liquor without a license. One appeal is the \$100 fine imposed by Special Judge E. H. Puryear, and the other two, fines assessed by Special Judge W. F. Bradshaw, Jr., amounting to \$20 each.

BUNKERED!



Will John C. be able to lift the ball?

Schmedtgen in Chicago Record-Herald

State Officers Inspect Markets; will Prosecute Many Dealers for Violations of the Statutes

Interesting little signs were displayed on many butchers' benches this morning with the message, "This sausage contains preservative." All were placed in conspicuous places, and as a consequence upon the presence of Dr. R. M. Allen and Dr. J. W. McFarland, of the state experimental station, of Lexington, in the city. But the use of "preservative" must be discontinued. When asked about the matter Dr. Allen said: "You have a clean market, and Dr. Ed Farley is one of the best meat inspectors in the whole country. Quote me as saying that. He has the work in his heart and heretofore the state pure food inspectors are going to co-operate with him more than ever." For several days they have been on a quiet inspection and two feed dealers in the city will be brought before the grand jury on the charge of violating the pure food law. This matter has been turned over to County Attorney Barkley and will be taken up by the grand jury the first week in September.

Also the soda pop and soft drink manufacturers have been placed under the glass, and the pure food inspectors have made recommendations that will be obeyed. First the inspectors demand that pure water be used and the three manufacturers must have good carbonation and it must be free from lead. Imitation flavoring syrups have been used, and the manufacturers have all agreed to discontinue using them. Tonight the retail grocers will meet and Dr. Allen and Dr. McFarland will be present and instruct them on the state and national pure food laws. Some violations have been reported and the grocers have stated they are in the dark. In the next five or six weeks another inspection trip will be made in this city and all the dairies supplying milk to customers in the city will be inspected. In speaking of tuberculosis Dr. Allen is of the opinion that at the next meeting of the legislature a law will be passed requiring dairymen to have their stock tested for tuberculosis.

EXAMINATION OF CITY TEACHERS

Began This Morning and
Twenty-Seven Applicants
Are in Attendance.

Activity characteristic of regular school terms was conspicuous at the High school building this morning. Examinations of teachers for certification to teach in the city public schools began this morning, and will continue through Friday. There are 27 applicants. White teachers are being examined by Prof. George O. McElroy and Mrs. John J. Dorian. The colored teachers are under Prof. George Washington Jackson. Teachers are assembled in different parts of the building on the second floor. "Of course, we cannot place teachers until the result of the examinations is known," explained Superintendent Carnegie, "but we hope that all will pass. Several are already elected to positions, and while we have looked over the list and decided in many instances on assignments, we cannot state definitely until all examinations are over, where we will place teachers."

In history and civics in the High school and departmental work in the seventh and eighth grades. It is probable that male teachers will be employed, as the subjects appeal more to men, and an effort will be put forth to make the course particularly interesting to boys.

HOSKINS IS INSANE THE POLICE THINK

Man Who Tried To Take
Charge of Police Court
Is in County Jail.

His actions clearly demonstrating that he had lost his mind, and is not responsible for his actions, W. W. Hoskins, the one legged itinerate printer, who claims to hail from Lexington, Miss., was sent to the county jail this morning to be tried for insanity. He has caused the city authorities much trouble since his advent into the city, and is as wild and unmanageable as when first arrested. Hoskins kicked Patrolman Lige Cross in the head while being carried to the north end of the Illinois Central passenger station. He had just handed the popular policeman an upper cut in the way of greeting. After a day and night in the dungeon, he was reprimanded by Police Judge D. A. Cross and dismissed with orders to leave town. Instead of leaving he returned and announced that he had come back to take charge of the city court room. City Jailor Everts and Detective Will Baker had their hands full putting him back in the dungeon, where he remained until transferred to jail this morning. He is still violent.

Mr. J. T. Ragsdale, of Bowling Green, left today for Princeton after a business trip in the city.

SMOKES CIGARETTES BUT MAY BE ALL RIGHT

People Who Know Leech,
Say Detective Has the
Wrong Man.

Detective T. J. Moore, accompanied by "M. Coffin," suspected of being Henry Leech, alias W. T. Leech, wanted here for fleeing Mr. Bud Dale, proprietor of the New Richmond House, out of \$250, arrived from San Antonio, Tex., today at noon, and persons who talked with Leech and know him, say that the prisoner is not the man.

At the city hall the prisoner exhibited a sheet of typewritten paper, in which he agreed to return with Detective Moore without a requisition. He claims San Antonio as his home, and declares that he is not the right man.

"M. Coffin, is my name and I am an engineer and a horse doctor," he explained. "The cause of my arrest is enmity of crooks in San Antonio. A government 'operator' had me arrested to get the \$25 reward. I did not mind the trip here much, but it put me to a little inconvenience."

The prisoner wears a Masonic ring the same kind worn by Leech, and claims to be an engineer and to have lived in Oklahoma City. He is a Turkish cigarette smoker.

WHEAT PASSES DOLLAR POINT IN CHICAGO

Chicago, Aug. 22.—Wheat passed the dollar mark after a wild panic in the pit. Under a tremendous rush of buying orders the cereal's price went up by leaps and bounds. Just before noon it crossed the dollar mark. Almost on the next quotation \$1.01. This was for May delivery. In other options there was a corresponding boom.

ATTEND CONVENTION OF SUNDAY SCHOOLS

Among those who will attend the state Sunday school convention at Madisonville, August 26 and 27, are the Rev. W. E. Hourquiza, pastor of the German Evangelical church, and county president; and Mrs. J. J. Hourquiza, Mrs. F. W. Rash, of the Lutheran church; Mr. W. T. Harrison, of the Seventh district; Miss Rosa Kolb, of the First Christian church; Mr. Vaughan Dahney, of the Christian church; Mr. W. T. Harrison, of the Seventh district; Miss Rosa Kolb, of the First Christian church; Mr. Vaughan Dahney, of the Christian church; Mr. W. T. Harrison, of the Seventh district; Miss Rosa Kolb, of the First Christian church; Mr. Vaughan Dahney, of the Christian church.

MOROCCO ABLAZE WITH FANATICISM

Interior Overrun With Revolutionary Sentiment.

Mulai Hafiz at Head of 15,000 Rebels Is Declared Sultan of the Country.

PANIC IS CREATED IN MOSQUE

Paris, Aug. 22.—Today's dispatches from Tangier show that the situation throughout Morocco is becoming more serious. There are fears that the whole country will soon be ablaze with a holy war, which will not be checked until after an awful sacrifice of human life, as the native fanatics have no fear of consequences when the fever of a war against the unbelievers has taken possession of them.

The interior is in a ferment. The rebels have proclaimed Mulai Hafiz, the brother of the sultan, as the true sultan. This has aroused the natives to a condition of wild excitement, and they are crying for revenge on the "foreign dogs."

Reports have been received at Tangier that Mulai Hafiz is at the head of 15,000 or 20,000 followers composed of fierce fanatics, who have been recruited from the most blood-thirsty tribes of the interior.

The Moorish army has appeared before Casa Blanca and another attack is expected. The constant strain of fighting is beginning to tell on the French troops of Casa Blanca, who sit sleep with one eye open, with their arms beside them. Reinforcements have been asked for by Gen. Drude.

A large force of the sultan's troops has utterly routed a body of the Knaiss tribesmen, killing and wounding many of them and burning their villages.

While the noonday prayers were being said, a voice suddenly shouted: "May Allah render our master, Mulai Mohammed victorious."

A panic at once followed. Mulai is the brother of the sultan, and the public proclamation of a new sultan, in a mosque, while there is a sultan on the throne, has always been a signal for a revolution.

Those in the mosque who heard the prayer for the success of Mulai, which was uttered by a soldier, fled to the streets. A panic followed. People hurried to their homes; shops were closed and the Jewish population double-locked themselves in their homes.

The soldier who created the panic will probably lose his head. He was arrested by soldiers and beaten until his body was a mass of wounds and blood. In this terrible condition he was thrown into a cell of a filthy jail.

The troops finally succeeded in restoring order in the city.

THOUGHTFUL THIEF SENDS EMPTY PURSE

A thief stole Mrs. Fred McCandless' pocketbook from her father's residence on Caldwell avenue yesterday and later returned it minus \$10. She is the daughter of Mr. W. T. Byrd, and arrived from Golconda yesterday to visit her parents. Laying the pocketbook on a machine near the telephone, she went into the rear of the house. An expressman, who brought her trunk, used the telephone. Later, after the purse was missed, a colored boy threw it into the yard and ran. It was empty.

FOR CALDWELL PARK DEEDS ARE ON FILE

S. B. Caldwell and M. E. Mallory have transferred to the city of Paducah, property between Trimble, Williams and Burnett streets, to be used for park purposes, to be known as "Caldwell Park." and the improvements to be under the direction of the Woman's club. In event the city for two years at a time fails to use it as a park, the property reverts to the original owners. The city can not use the property for any other purpose, or dispose of it in any way.

Grahamville, Aug. 22.—(Special.)—Mr. Charles Crawford, who is critically ill of typhoid fever, is resting easy today, but his friends look for him not to recover.

MALARIA A SYSTEMIC BLOOD POISON UNDERMINES THE HEALTH— LAYS THE FOUNDATION FOR DISEASE

Malaria comes from the absorption into the blood of germs and microbes which destroy the rich, nutritive qualities of the circulation and reduce it to a weak, watery, disease-spreading stream. The healthy color of the skin is given to it by the millions of little red corpuscles which are in the blood. These are the carriers of nourishment and health to all parts of the body. In other words the very life and vitalizing essence of the circulation. The destruction of these corpuscles by the malarial poison takes the color from the cheek, and in the first stages of the disease we have pale, sallow faces, poor appetite, a bilious condition is set up, and we feel "out of sorts" generally. But malaria means more than this; it is a systemic blood poison, which undermines the health and gives rise to innumerable and sometimes serious disorders and diseases if the poison is allowed to remain in the blood. As the blood becomes more and more polluted with the malarial poison, the digestion becomes deranged, chills and fever are frequent, skin diseases, boils and carbuncles, and sores and ulcers break out on the flesh, and after awhile the foundation is laid for other diseases which either prove fatal or permanently undermine and wreck the health. Malaria can only be worked out of the system through the blood. Purging the liver and bowels with strong, nauseating cathartics can never remove the trouble because they do not reach the blood where the germs are constantly multiplying. The only hope for a cure is a remedy that can destroy the germs and microbes, and neutralize the bad effects of the poison, and S. S. S. is the medicine to accomplish this, because it is a perfect blood purifier and a general systemic remedy of unequalled value. S. S. S. searches out and removes every trace of the malarial poison and puts the blood in such rich, healthy condition that sallow, anaemic complexions take on the ruddy glow of health, the liver and digestion are righted, the appetite improved, the system vitalized and strengthened, and every symptom of malaria passes away. Malarial persons will find S. S. S. not only a prompt remedy but a gentle, pleasant acting one, as well as a certain cure for this disease. Besides removing the cause of malaria S. S. S. builds up every part of the system by its fine tonic effects. Persons living in a malarial section should, at this season, fortify their systems against this insidious disease by purifying their blood with a course of S. S. S. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired sent free of charge.

S.S.S.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

General Greeley Says Low Standard Recruits, Poor Pay and No Canteen

Washington, D. C., Aug. 22.—Maj. Gen. A. W. Greeley, commanding the northern division of the army, declares in his annual report that the main reason for desertion, according to the universal opinion of commissioned and noncommissioned officers, was inadequate pay, the lack of the canteen, and resultant trouble in dives surrounding the army posts, and "The low standard and general worthlessness of recruits." The moral deterioration of the recruits is characterized as a corollary of the small pay given the men.

Gen. Greeley urges an increase of pay for the men, a five-year term of enlistment, a material increase in the strength of the infantry, and restoration of the canteen privileges to the extent of selling beer, or if the canteen is not restored, that there shall be legislation summarily restricting the use of liquor by all federal officials and employees.

He says it is beyond reasonable doubt that the establishment of the canteen decreases drunkenness, and that its elimination has largely increased liquor drinking and dissipation among enlisted men.

Gen. Greeley also urges the necessity of materially increasing the pay of officers, unless it is contemplated

that the army shall be officered from an aristocracy of wealth, for, he says, an officer's position is fast becoming impossible for a man without private income.

Gen. Greeley holds that the army ration, while excellent in quality, and doubtless of sufficient nutritive value, in quantity and variety does not satisfy the American soldier. When not supplemented, through supplies from gardens, post exchange stores, etc., it furnishes only a meager monotonous diet. He says that various edibles found on every American table, even of the poorest people, are entirely lacking in the army ration, although they appear on the naval list.

Nursing Mothers and Malaria. The Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TOXIC drives out malaria and builds up the system. For grown people and children, 50c.

Only Sold Soft Drinks. Phil Stepon and wife, of Mechanicsburg, were dismissed by Justice C. W. Emery on the charge of selling intoxicants without a license. No witness testified that anything stronger than soft drinks was sold.

All the treasure houses of truth open to the master key of sincerity.

DEMONSTRATION FOR PRESIDENT

Will Be Grandest Affair in the History of River.

Cities Will Be Represented By Steamboats—Plans for St. Louis Big Reception.

ITINERARY OF ROOSEVELT.

St. Louis, Aug. 22.—The river demonstration at St. Louis in connection with President Roosevelt's visit October 2, is being organized on a big scale by the Business Men's League, which has placed L. C. Irvine in charge of this end of the arrangements for the waterways celebration. Mr. Irvine announced yesterday that he felt certain of having no less than 100 cities along the Mississippi, Illinois, Missouri and Ohio rivers represented in the river parade. Many of these delegations will come to St. Louis in steamboats.

The assembling of the steamboat fleet of this size at St. Louis will have all the elements of a decided novelty for St. Louisans of the present generation. Nothing like so large a river fleet has been seen at St. Louis for thirty years. As a spectacle the river parade will be unique, and the results in advertising and booming the deep waterway movement will be effective. The boats will be massed in the St. Louis harbor to receive and salute the president when he arrives on the steamer Mississippi from Keokuk, Ia.

Cities to Be Represented.

Mr. Irvine is in touch with the commercial clubs of all the principal towns along the river as well as some of the inland cities, and is receiving encouraging replies from all points. Much interest and enthusiasm is shown in the river demonstration and the Memphis convention, and the different cities exhibit a willingness to take advantage of the opportunity to advertise themselves and boost river improvements. Among the larger cities which will have chartered boats are Evansville, Louisville, Cairo, Cape Girardeau, Alton, Keokuk, Kansas City, Quincy and Peoria. Some of the towns will have an entire boat. Others will secure reservations on a boat chartered for the use of two or three towns, which will club together.

To Carry Immense Banners.

A plan of decorating the boats has been adopted. Each steamer will carry an immense banner with the words "Fourteen feet through the valley." Banners with the names of the different cities will also be displayed with a decorative scheme of flags and bunting. Most of the delegations will bring bands along and make preparation for a big celebration.

Detailed River Itinerary.

The detailed itinerary of the president is as follows: Leave St. Paul, Minn., 9 a. m., Friday, September 27; leave Prescott, Minn., 12 noon, Friday, September 27; leave Red Wing, 2 p. m., Friday, September 27; leave Wabasha, Minn., 5 p. m., Friday, September 27; arrive Winona, Minn., 8 p. m., Friday, September 27; leave Winona, Minn., 7 a. m., Saturday, September 28; leave Lacrosse, Wis., 9:30 a. m., Saturday, September 28; leave McGregor, Wis., 4 p. m., Saturday, September 28; arrive Cassville, Wis., 7 p. m., Saturday, Sep-

tember 28; leave Cassville, Wis., 7 a. m., Sunday, September 29; leave Dubuque, Ia., 10 a. m., Sunday, September 29; arrive Rock Island, Ill., 6 p. m., Sunday, September 29; leave Rock Island, Ill., 7 a. m., Monday, September 30; leave Burlington, Ia., 3 p. m., Monday, September 30; arrive Keokuk, Ia., 8 p. m., Monday, September 30; leave Keokuk, Ia., 11 a. m., Tuesday, October 1. The itinerary for the commission from this point south to Memphis, Tenn., will be identical with that for President Roosevelt, already announced. The members of the commission may take a trip along the Great Lakes, prior to the river trip, but in any event they will assemble on the evening of September 26 at St. Paul for an early start the next morning.

BASEBALL NEWS

National League.

	R	H	E
Boston	7	9	2
Pittsburgh	4	4	0

Batteries—Pfeiffer and Brown; Willis and Gibson.

R H E

	R	H	E
New York	12	16	1
Chicago	4	12	2

Batteries—Taylor and Kling; Amos and Bresnahan.

American League.

	R	H	E
St. Louis	3	9	1
New York	4	8	0

Batteries—Howell, Pelly and Stevens; Chesbro and Kleinow.

R H E

	R	H	E
Cleveland	6	13	2
Washington	4	7	4

Batteries—Liebhardt and Bergen; Clarke, Ghering and Block.

Second game.

	R	H	E
Cleveland	2	5	0
Washington	1	17	1

Batteries—Thehrman and Clarke; Smith and Shannon.

R H E

	R	H	E
Detroit	1	13	1
Boston	5	13	0

Batteries—Killian and Schmidt; Pruitt and Criger.

Chicago 1 3 1
Philadelphia 0 9 1
Batteries—Smith and Sullivan; Bender and Powers.



Daddy, Daddy, wouldn't you like to see your little sister the stork brought last night?
Bobby—I'd sooner see the stork, daddy.—Tatler.

DENTIST DISLOCATED HIS SPINAL COLUMN.

Man Dies in Chicago Hospital After Having Teeth Extracted.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—George Davis, 25 years of age, died in the county hospital today of what was diagnosed by the physicians as a broken neck. Davis came to the hospital one week ago complaining of a pain in his neck. His right arm was paralyzed, and the day following his arrival he was attacked with severe pains in the spinal column. He told the physicians that he had gone to a dentist to have a tooth extracted.

The tooth was difficult to extract and Davis said that the dentist had jerked him severely. It is believed by the physicians that the dentist dislocated a portion of the spinal column in the neck by his jerks.

EAST WORK ON PANAMA CANAL.

\$8,000,000 More Than \$500 Appropriated for 1908 Can Be Used.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 22.—Reports from Colonel Goethals, the engineer in charge of the Panama canal work, show that construction work on the big ditch has progressed so rapidly that \$8,000,000 more than the appropriation for the fiscal year 1908 can be used to advantage in pushing the work on Gatun and the other docks and dams.

Gold and Silver.

Campton, Ky., Aug. 22.—William Spencer, a Baptist minister living on a farm two miles west of town, unearthed a three-foot vein of ore containing a large per cent of gold, with traces of silver. This is the third find of the kind in Wolfe county in the past two months.

The Evening Sun—10c. a week.

In countries where beer is the national beverage, there is practically no drunkenness, for beer contains a small percentage of alcohol and is rich in food values

The Belvedere Malting Process makes Belvedere Beer the most healthful beer brewed—the beer richest in actual food values.

The Belvedere Process reduced the percentage of alcohol to less than 3 1-3 per cent while making the beer absolutely pure, healthful and strengthening.

Paducah Brewery Co.
Phone 408.

RAILROAD NOTES

F. Schlinkert, of Chicago, one of the oldest men in the employ of the Illinois Central, is in Paducah today inspecting scales. He is scale inspector for the entire system. Mr. Schlinkert is 56 years old, and has been with the road since he was 19 years old. For 27 years he has been in charge of scales. At Paducah Mr. Schlinkert found the station baggage room scales perfect. He also found car scales in the south and shop yards correct.

The L. & N. machinists' strike at Louisville is bringing many Louisville boys to Paducah, and as many as can procure work at coming here. Following are a few of those already here: Jack O'Connor, Bob and Ed Banks, Hugh O'Connor, George Schoen, Dick McLaughlin and Chris Burns. Walter Banks, Edward Kelley and C. Zimmerman will arrive Sunday. Constantly "transients" quit the local shops and go south and there is nearly always a chance to get employment in the shops.

The Illinois Central Hospital association not desiring to have a six foot pavement running in front of its building on Broadway, decided to make it full width at the last meeting, and this work began.

Ben Miller, colored, porter at the Illinois Central yardmaster's office, let an ice chest fall on his right hand yesterday and crushed his fingers.

Mr. F. Schafer, of New Orleans, has accepted a position as machinist in the Illinois Central shops.

Mr. Charles P. Martin, the Illinois Central freight conductor, went to Princeton this morning on business.

Mr. Sam Craig, the Illinois Central car repairer, went to the Luzerne mines this morning to repair cars.

Machinist J. M. Callahan has returned from Princeton, where he had been doing special work for the Illinois Central for four days.

Mrs. J. K. Burkham, wife of the well known Illinois Central conductor, left today for Cincinnati and Clarkburg, W. Va., to visit.

Charles Block, the Illinois Central blacksmith, has a soft shell egg laid by one of his prize hens yesterday. It is balloon shaped. The curiosity excited much interest at the shops this morning.

A Parliamentary Retort.

Representative Champ Clark, of Missouri, told a story about former Representative Henry T. Johnson, of Indiana, in one of his Chautauques

lectures recently. Although Mr. Johnson came to congress as a Republican; he and the Missorian were very good friends, and Clark's admiration of the Indian continues to this day. In his lecture he spoke of Johnson's skill in debate, and told the story in connection with that characteristic of his friend.

"Mr. Johnson," he said, "was engaged in a debate with an Illinois congressman, and called him an ass. This was unparliamentary, of course, and had to be withdrawn. Pursuant to the order of the speaker Mr. Johnson said:

"I withdraw the language I used, Mr. Speaker, but I insist that the gentleman from Illinois is out of order."

Ephraim Jackson—I heard the politician say this morning that he didn't want to be out of order? demanded the Illinois man, with considerable heat.

"Probably a veterinary surgeon can tell you," retorted Johnson. "This was parliamentary, and went into the Record."—Washington Herald

Pete Johnson—Wal, dat German he preached las' Sunday was enough to kill anybody.—Syracuse Herald

The surest way to impoverish the heart is to set it on riches.

Prize Waltz At Wallace Park

A prize will be awarded to the best lady dancer attending the dance at Wallace Park Pavilion Monday night, August 26th.

Notice to Customers

All buzz fans to be rewound for the new current should be at our office, 406 Broadway, before September 1. A charge of \$4 each will be made for all fans sent in to be rewound after that date.

The Paducah Light & Power Co.

(Incorporated.)

Garden Hose, Lawn Sprinklers, Nozzles

All Hose Repairs

Electric Hose, the world's best, per foot.....20c

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The Sanitary Plumber
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A Man is Known by the Telephone He Keeps

Paducah people demand the best and we meet the demands of the best people.

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Office Phones Old 369 New 369 Residence Phones Old 726 New 726
Campbell Building, Paducah, Ky.

Newest Novelties In

Leather Goods

We are showing some very striking ideas in Ladies' Novelty Leather Goods—purses, pocket-books, wrist bags, card cases, coin purses, in seal, alligator and all the other now fashionable leathers. It's a display well worth seeing and the prices will prove particularly interesting.

10c to \$7

Will J. Gilbert

4th and Broadway
Either Phone No. 77.

Agent for original Allegretti Candies

IFLOWERS

For beautifying your yards and estimates on flower beds we will call and see you. Phone Selmaus Bros. for the largest and most complete stock of flowers and plants in the city.

Free delivery to any part of the city.

SCHMAUS BROS.
Both Phones 192.



Mrs. Homelover:-

our furniture marches right out of our store into the homes of the people of this city because we have always made the prices right. we make a profit on the furniture we sell, but we only make a fair profit. we don't believe in asking high prices, but believe in making low prices and doing a big furniture business.

you need some things for the house, don't you? come and let us show you what we have got for you.

Rhodes-Burford Co.

IMMIGRATION

EXCEEDS THE PREVIOUS RECORDS OF GOVERNMENT.

Better Class Than Formerly and Fewer Are Rejected—Many Come From Russia.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Although immigration into the United States during each of the three years past has amounted to more than 1,000,000 each year, the new fiscal year which began on July 1, promises to exceed even the 1,200,000 record of the past year.

Reports made to the immigration bureau show that during July 57,132 immigrants were admitted into this country. This was an increase of 15 per cent. over July, 1906, when the total number admitted was 51,107, and an increase of 28 per cent. over July, 1905, when the number admitted was 76,090.

While there was a large increase in the number admitted, agents report that the character of immigrants was of a higher standard.

The immigration from Russia to this country during July, 1907, was 23,971, as compared with 21,397 in the same month in 1906, and 16,109 in 1905. The total immigration for all countries during the six months ended July 31, 1907, was 786,967. During the same period in 1906 the total was 707,568, and in 1905 it was 847,183. During the six months ended July 31 last 144,531 Russians were admitted. The six months ended July 31 last show an increase of 45 per cent. in Russian immigration over the six months which ended July 31, 1906, but a decrease of 4 per cent. compared with the six months which ended July 31, 1905.

Frost.

"Did you say you took in the summer town exposition?"

"No. I said I was taken in at it."—Cleveland Leader.

Howell—Taking off your monstache makes you five years younger. Powell—I don't see how that can be. The monstache was only three years old.—Town Topics.

Only those who are not afraid of being poor really become rich.

FEDERAL COURT

PROCESS WILL BE ENFORCED BY DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Attorney General Bonaparte Assures District Attorney of This Fact.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Attorney General Bonaparte has sent the following telegram to United States District Attorney Parsons at Montgomery, Ala., giving instructions in connection with the Louisville & Nashville railroad rate case:

"You are authorized to make public the following statement from this department. It is the duty of the department of justice to see that the process from all federal courts is duly served. This duty exists without any regard to the nature of the litigation in which such process may issue, or the parties to the cause."

This department has already announced publicly on more than one occasion that it would see the process of federal court requiring executive enforcement, only enforced without regard to cost or consequences.

Every federal court will be sustained in the execution of its process so far as executive enforcement may be needed and respect will be exacted to all orders requiring such executive enforcement, passed by the federal court in the exercise of the jurisdiction which it has regularly assumed.

Lost All Interest.

As if animated by a common impulse, the crowd watching the amateur baseball game began to melt away.

"What's the matter?" asked the man who had just arrived. "Is the game over?"

"No," said one of the others. "A batter sent a ball just now through a plate glass window in that apartment house on the other side of the street, and one of the fellows is starting around with a hat to take up a collection to pay for the damage."

The average elevation of North America is 1,350 feet, and of South America 1,200 feet.

Only those who are not afraid of being poor really become rich.

Farmers and Potato Alcohol.

Fort Dodge, Ia., Aug. 22.—As the time approaches for the removal of the tax on alcohol, the problem which confronts those most interested in it is what is best to make it from with a view to getting the largest returns. Another phase of the question which is not being overlooked is who will benefit most by its removal.

An examination of the machinery used in the passage of the bill brings to light the fact that the farmer is entitled to the greater part of credit. If not a large part of the glory. Singly and through his granges he practically dictated the vote which is, in due to bring him such great benefits.

Next comes the manufacturer, who sees in cheaper alcohol lower costs on his finished products and a consequent greater profit to himself. It is not expected that the buying public will realize any great saving in the retail prices of the hundred and one things into which it enters, for the manufacturer expects to secure a little extra profit. It would therefore seem that the one thing which enters into the change which takes place the first of next month is, who is to reap the benefit of the new law?

It appears to be a matter of common knowledge among those who know that the Standard Oil company has control of the wood alcohol plants of the country. As this item of commerce is the principal agent employed in the denaturizing process called for by the new law, it is apparent to any one wishing to denaturize a gallon of alcohol that he must settle with them for his denaturizing agent.

Next comes the whiskey trust, which has numerous distilleries scattered over the country capable of making a large quantity of alcohol, and if a sufficient number is not now in working order an additional number can be acquired readily.

Alcohol from molasses already is an established method of manufacturing. But the sugar refineries of the country are under the management of the sugar trust and some of its directors are members of the whiskey trust.

Thus three of the greatest combinations of capital are ready to furnish alcohol at a price, and hundreds of manufacturers ready to purchase it to lessen their cost of manufacture, but what has the farmer done to make sure of the earnings of this new industry?

Relief in Potatoes.

The foregoing are some of the different phases of the question which have presented themselves for consideration to those who have given any study to this new industry which is destined to do so much for the American people. The real point for the people of the west to consider is, how are the western farmers to reap benefit from it? The answer is—potatoes.

In early days corn was raised partly as an item of food. In the pioneer days of New England it was used in church decorations on occasions of celebration. Roger Williams found the Indians making a potage which they called "samp" from corn. But science has developed corn until in the present time there are over thirty different uses to which it is put. It is not only raised for food but the reduction of a corn crop in the six corn growing states of the union will vibrate a wave of price fluctuations that will reach all of the civilized nations of the world.

Three billion bushels of corn was raised last year and the money was paid to six states for it. Practically every one of the important corn products plants of the "country today" were developed after corn had been abandoned as a principal food product.

An acre of potatoes will produce over twice as much alcohol as an acre of corn. Experiments show that an acre of ground which will produce fifty bushels of corn will furnish

THE POWER OF STEAM.

Many May See That It Takes Genius To Realize.

When James Watt saw the steam causing the kettle lid to jump up and down he said: "There must be power in that steam that it can lift such a weight."

Millions prior to him had seen the same phenomenon and regarded it as an unexplained mystery.

Recent scientific research put its finger on the "cause" of Dandruff, Falling Hair, and consequent baldness, and has unearthed a tiny germ which cuts the life from the roots of human hair.

Newbro's Herpelide destroys this germ and consequently restores the hair to its natural state.

Sold by leading druggists. Two sizes, 50c and \$1.00. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpelide Co., Detroit, Mich. W. B. McPherson, Special Agent.

1,900 pounds of fermentable matter, 15 per cent of which will be obtained as absolute alcohol, 882 pounds or 130 gallons.

An acre of ground which will produce 300 bushels of potatoes will furnish 3,500 pounds of fermentable matter. This will produce 1,620 pounds of absolute alcohol, or about 255 gallons.

But there is another consideration with regard to the potato as a source of alcohol. We raise potatoes for human food and for scarcely any other purpose. We plant the potato which has the finest flavor for the table, without regard to its yield per acre. Were we raising potatoes for the purpose of making alcohol, we would do different. The variety which would yield the most abundant per acre would be planted. Where potatoes are used as a cattle food as they are in Germany, varieties of the latter kind are resorted to and there seems to be no obstacle to producing double the amount of alcohol as from the present yield. So that it would be within the bounds of reason to say that it is possible to secure 500 gallons of alcohol from an acre of potatoes.

Potatoes, moreover, are a commercial crop only when within a certain distance from market. At the average price at which the potatoes sell in the middle states it can be hauled only a comparatively short distance, but when reworking it as a source of light, heat, and power, factories would be encouraged to country neighborhoods and the tubers grown for its largest possible yield of alcohol.

Pretty good testimony for potatoes.

Potato Handicap.

And how many do we raise? Three hundred million bushels last year. Not enough to go around some years and we have to buy a few in Europe.

Ten bushels of corn raised for each bushel of potatoes. What is the reason? It would appear that the general verdict is that they are an easier crop to raise than corn. The principal reason is this: Owing to the great bulk and perishable nature of the crop it cannot be transported as advantageously. In years of bountiful yield net returns to farmers are often unsatisfactory. This is the whole situation in a nutshell—no home market.

The western farmer can harvest his corn in the fall and draw it to the co-operative elevator or keep it at home and wait until the price gets him interested in selling it. But the man with the potato crop must hustle it to market and sometimes gets back a bill from the commission man for his trouble, market glutted, etc., etc., and all because there is not now any other use for them but to boil, bake, or fry.

It doesn't sound good at all. They do things different over in Germany, where they made 90,000,000 gallons of alcohol last year from potatoes.

This is what Congressman E. J. Hill says after a visit and an investigation:

"In Germany alcohol is made almost wholly from potatoes. The highest yield per acre was 360 bushels and from that down to 124; probably a fair yield would be around 200 to 225. The potatoes are grown by the farmers and manufactured into alcohol in individual farm distilleries and in co-operative distilleries as well. The aggregate product of the farm distilleries was about 50 times as much as that of the industrial distilleries in Germany. At the beginning of each year the syndicate managers fix the price which they will pay the producers for their product. This is based, of course, upon the condition of the crop. The price this year has been fixed at 25 per cent less than it was last, indicating a much larger crop. The product is taken and paid for by the syndicate as it is made by the various farmers. On all of this alcohol, which is made, fermented or rendered undrinkable, the government allows a special return of tax previously paid, amounting to about 21 1/2 cents a gallon. Out of this amount the expenses of the syndicate, an allowance for their investment with a fair profit on their business, and commissions for the wholesale and retail dealers are all paid, and whatever is left at the end of the season is returned pro rata to the farmer of original producer. I was told that as a general rule an additional return was made at the end of the year to the producer, but that occasionally the payment was the other way, the price at which the product was sold not being sufficient to reimburse the managers of the syndicate for the amounts already advanced at the beginning of the season."

Farmers Need a Market.

"The extent of the industry is shown by the fact that last year there were more than 91,000,000 bushels of potatoes consumed in the manufacture of alcohol. Over 8,000,000

acres of farms in Germany were planted to potatoes and nearly 6,000 distilleries were in operation.

"I have not the slightest doubt that alcohol can be made cheaper from corn in the United States, and that the same thing is true in the northern states from sweet potatoes. Certainly a traveler needs but a short stay in France or Germany to come to the conclusion that the cultivation of potatoes is an industry which can be greatly improved there when compared with the quality of our American product."

"I found that the practice was quite common of sorting the potatoes, the best being reserved for human food, the next grade for feeding animals, and the refuse or poorer grades for manufacturing alcohol. The first grade was selling at retail for 75 cents a bushel. The average cost of all potatoes grown in 1901-05 was 27.6 cent a bushel, and I am quite confident that this was far more than they were worth, quality being taken into consideration."

It would thus appear that it is up to the farmer to provide a means of marketing his product which would not be under the control of a large corporation. It would seem the better part of wisdom to utilize the co-operative system of neighborhood distilleries and avoid some one concern dictating the price to consumer for both the finished and raw product. If co-operative elevators pay, why not co-operative distilleries, and thus keep the industry in the hands of those who created it?

If German farmers with their methods of farming make it pay, what could the western farmer do with his methods and machinery? Consider the history of the sugar beet industry. Pioneers in this built factories and contracted with the local farmers to raise the beets. He raised them and the beet sugar industry is no longer in the experimental stage. It takes ten times as much labor to raise an acre of beets as it does an acre of potatoes. Co-operative distilleries and the manufacture of alcohol from potatoes means a new field of great revenue for the western farmer, who is in the best position to derive the greatest profit from the effect of the new law.

Where the Laugh Is.

Did you ever notice when a green looking country boy comes to town with his trousers a couple of inches short and probably wearing "government socks," that the city chaps as they term themselves, always find some way to make fun of him and make remarks about him? On the other hand, the city chap will go around with his trousers turned up about three or four inches, wearing a pair of hose that look like a sleeve and a hat on his head that is planned up in front until he looks like a broncho buster. Still there is no laugh coming from that side of the question from the fact that he lives in town.—Centralla (Mo.) Courier.

"I once lived on water, I did, for eight months."

"You don't look it. How did you manage it?"

"I was a sailor."—Chips.

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CLOTH FROM IRON AND STONE.

A Wool Made in Electrical Furnace—Fabric From Old Rope.

Cloth of gold the fairy books describe; cloth of iron is a real product of the mills. Iron cloth is used largely today by tailors for making the collars of coats set fashionably. It is manufactured from steel wool by a new process and has the appearance of having been woven from horsehair.

Wool which never saw the back of a sheep is being largely utilized on the continent for making men's suits. It is known by the name of limestone wool and is made in an electric furnace. Powdered limestone mixed with a certain chemical is thrown into the furnace and after passing under a furious blast of air is tossed out as fluffy, white wool. After coming from the furnace the wool is dyed and finally made into lengths of cloth. A pair of trousers or a coat made from this material can be burned or damaged by grease and is as flexible as cloth made from the sheep's wool.

Some time ago an English clothing manufacturer succeeded in making a fabric from old ropes. He obtained a quantity of old rope and cordage and unraveled them by a secret process into a kind of rough cloth. A suit of clothes made from it and worn by the manufacturer himself proved

strong in the extreme and kept its color well. It is said that a number of goods sold by some of the best London tailors at low prices are made of old ropes.—Chicago Tribune.

BROTHERS DROP HATE.

Massachusetts Men Estranged By Love for One Woman.

East Brookfield, Mass., Aug. 22.—The people here are amazed by the statement that Jarvis and John Woods, brothers, after an estrangement lasting 40 years, have become reconciled.

The brothers, it appears, wooed the same girl and, because Jarvis won her, John would not forgive him. The two have had their homes less than 100 feet apart.

Recently when John was taken ill his sister-in-law began nursing him. She succeeded in reconciling the brothers.

Manuscript Not Improving.

Saranac Lake, N. Y., Aug. 21.—Richard Mansfield has decided to prolong his stay at Amersand.

All inquiries as to the actor's condition are answered by Mr. Mansfield's brother, Felix, with the statement that there is no change.

The Poor Clergy Relief corporation of England in the last year has made grants to 766 persons, aggregating over \$55,000.

WANTED!

Young Men and Women for positions of trust, where intelligent service will be appreciated and paid for—

Experienced Men and Women for positions requiring ability and tact—

People of All Ages, of all talents, of diverse abilities, for suitable lines of employment—

Used Things—such as Pianos, Organs, Every Sort of Musical Instrument, Writing Machines, Cash Registers, Store and Office Fixtures, Talking Machines, Hooks, Engravings, Post-Cards, Stamp Collections, Rugs, Carpets, Furniture of every kind—

Horses and Carriages, trucks, business wagons, bicycles, guns, canoes, fishing tackle, automobiles—

Real Estate—lots, plots, acres, leaseholds, equities, houses, flats, apartments, stores—

Instruction in painting, singing, the violin and piano, shorthand, accounting, correspondence, language, dancing—

Places to Live—houses, apartments, furnished rooms, boarding places where life is interesting.

These are some of the thousands of people and things that are "wanted" in this city just now, and if you can fill any of these "wants"

INQUIRE OF THE PUBLIC
Through a SUN Want Advertisement.

The Paducah Sun.

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INCORPORATED

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THURSDAY, AUGUST 22.

CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

July, 1907.

1.....3920 17.....3903

2.....3895 18.....3906

3.....3895 19.....3914

4.....3906 20.....3909

5.....3914 21.....3929

6.....3909 22.....3923

7.....3929 23.....3923

8.....3923 24.....3930

9.....3930 25.....3919

10.....3919 26.....3930

11.....3930 27.....3938

12.....3938 28.....3905

13.....3905 29.....3893

14.....3893 30.....3893

15.....3893 31.....3893

16.....3893 32.....3893

Total.....101,923

July average.....3,920

Personally appeared before me,

this August 2, 1907, E. J. Paxton,

general manager of The Sun, who

affirms that the above statement of

the circulation of The Sun for the

month of July, 1907, is true to the

best of his knowledge and belief.

PETER PURYEAR,

Notary Public.

My commission expires January

22, 1908.

Daily Thought.

"Success is the ability to make

stepping-stones out of stumbling

blocks."

THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Governor—Augustus E. Wil-

son, of Louisville.

For Lieutenant Governor—W. H.

Cox, of Mason county.

For Attorney General—James

Breathitt, of Christian county.

For Auditor—Frank P. James, of

Mercer county.

For Treasurer—Capt. Edwin Far-

ley, of McCracken county.

For Secretary of State—Dr. Ben

L. Bruner, of Hart county.

For Superintendent of Public In-

struction—J. S. Crabbe, of Boyd

county.

For Commissioner of Agriculture

—N. C. Rankin, of Henry county.

For Clerk of Court of Appeals—

Napier Adams, of Pulaski county.

For Legislature—George O. Mc-

Broom.

Mayor.....James P. Smith

City Attorney.....Arthur Y. Martin

City Treasurer.....John J. Doran

City Clerk.....George Lehnhard

City Jailor.....George Andrecht

City Tax Assessor.....Harlan Grith

Aldermen—T. C. Leech, Harry R.

Hank, G. M. Oehlschlaeger, Jr., C.

H. Chambers, W. T. Miller.

Councilmen—Second ward, Al E.

Young; Third ward, C. L. Van Me-

ter; Fourth ward, F. S. Johnston;

Fifth ward, S. A. Hill; Frank May-

er; Sixth ward, W. L. Bower.

School Trustees—First ward, W. M.

Kearney; Second ward, W. J. Hill;

Third ward, H. S. Wells and

J. H. Garrison; Fourth ward,

Dr. C. G. Warner and C. G. Kel-

ly; Fifth ward, I. O. Walker;

Sixth ward, J. C. Farley and Ed

Morris.

Hunchback? Did you ever?

A plot to assassinate King Carlos,

of Portugal, was discovered by the

premature explosion of a bomb. Why

can't they be more careful in hand-

ling such instruments?

Railroads and steamboat lines

should agree on the lowest reason-

able rates for the horse show and

races the last week in September.

The event is supported by the people

of Paducah to attract visitors and the

transportation lines entering the city

will be benefited as much, if not

more than any other enterprise by

the success of the show.

A TRAGEDY OF POLITICS.

How like children we sometimes

are.

Paul Barth's little political play-

house was destroyed forever and he

couldn't stand it.

Today he lies a corpse by his own

hand. He has put the crowning touch

on one more tragedy of Kentucky

politics.

Paul Barth was ambitious; he is

dead.

He was dead before he fired the

fatal shot that penetrated his brain.

He was dead when he permitted his

ambition to set up false standards of

honor.

No one will say that Paul C. Barth

was not personally honest. He would

owe no man a dollar and not pay it,

but he got into politics, and then, as

was the case with the man who fell

into the sea—politics got into him.

He would not cheat a blind man,

but he accepted an office that he and

everybody else knew was stolen. His

pride of citizenship probably was as

great as any man's; yet he counte-

nanced the rape of the ballot by a

hordo of drunken policemen.

If Paul Barth had declined to ac-

cept an office won by such foul means

he would today be living, an honored

citizen. If he had accepted the trust

reposed in him in its fullest sense, he

would have cleaned out the city hall

and renovated the police department.

But he did neither.

Paul Barth's ambition and the sin-

ister designs of the machine met and

agreed, and Paul Barth was elevated

to the mayoralty chair, not by the

people, but by the machine. He knew

to whom his allegiance was due. He

was part of that coalition of selfish

interests, that strange amalgamation

of discordant elements held together

by the cohesive power of graft. He

sat with his back to the city hall and

his face to the public. What he didn't

see did not concern him. When it

accorded with the purposes of the

dominating force of the machine to

get rid of some one, he was "showed

up" to the mayor, and the mayor de-

posed him.

It was this pernicious theory of

municipal politics; that an office-

holder's obligation to his friends is

more sacred than his heaven regis-

tered oath to the people, that proved

the undoing of Paul Barth. His de-

perate deed may well give us pause

to see whether we are drifting. If the

citizens of Louisville did not appre-

ciate the full enormity of the offense

Paul C. Barth committed, they now

know that Paul Barth himself did.

What has occurred in Louisville

may well occur in any city, where

one dominant party has complete

control, and one faction has that

party in firm subjection to its will.

The Barth administration was laid

bare in a collision between two politi-

cal factions, in which, by strange co-

incidence, the courts decided in har-

mony with the desires of those fac-

tions, with which they are associated

politically.

It was the vindictiveness of faction-

al strife that made the exposure of

the Barth administration so merciless

in its method. It was not the good

of the public service, that actuated

Mayor Bingham, figure-head for the

combination of the state machine,

with the Kahn-Whallen-Knot aggre-

gation of Louisville; it was the degra-

dation of the Barth administration,

and the humbling of the Louisville

city machine.

That purpose was accomplished.

Peace reigns once more in Louisville,

where Mayor Bingham and County

Judge Lincoln will be accorded nomi-

nations to succeed themselves for a

brief term, after which the old regime

will be reënacted, and another honest

man will be traduced by his ambition

to be mayor of Louisville.

As for Paul Barth—the lesson of

his downfall is for the people, not the

machines.

The Standard Oil company's plea,

that it is being persecuted by the

government, sounds like the howl of

a wolf more than a cry of human dis-

tress. "That howl annoys us," the

people say. "Why don't they put it

out of its misery?"

Mrs. Eddy's "next friends" has

withdrawn the suit for an accounting

of her estate and an inquisition into

her mental capacity. They declared

their intentions were merely to pro-

tect Mrs. Eddy and her property from

dissemination by those they were sure

had power over her. They must have

received assurance that the estate is

all right.

William Jennings Bryan has es-

caped unharmed from his fourth rail-

road wreck—and two political

wrecks.

Mr. Wilson is a gentleman of

character and ability and it is a

pleasure to observe that he starts his

campaign in a gentlemanly manner.

This is not only the good manners we

have the right to expect from a gen-

tleman, but it is also good politics.

—Lexington Herald.

Fraud and deceit mask the hopes

of National Democracy, when Bryan

claims title as originator of the prin-

ciples of the eternal truths, and the

party declares for tariff revision. The

first claim is obviously false, and the

latter declaration is a perversion of

fact; for the Democracy is the party

of free trade, and the abolition, not

the revision, of the protective sched-

ules; and it dare not go before the

country frankly avowing its purpose

COLLEGE VS. UNIVERSITY.

Vacation days are about ended.

Books and skates will soon be sound-

ed, and the army of the rising gen-

eration will troop off to the red build-

ings, where ideas are propagated,

and youthful enterprise directed into

proper channels.

A smaller detail, pitifully too

small, will scatter to the four points,

where institutions of higher educa-

tion are located, for four years' ex-

perience, that will be to them like

no other four years they ever have

lived or ever will live again. To

them the selection of the proper in-

stitution is in some respects the

most momentous act of their lives.

Too large a proportion have got

the university idea, regarding higher

education as simply the cramming of

book knowledge into young heads

and the storing up of transmitted

wisdom from the sages of the faculty

and their fellows. There never was

a more mistaken idea than this, and

the well rounded, properly educated

man, intellectually, morally and phy-

sically, can come only from the

college, and, at that, the college lo-

cated in the small town, the center

of whose life is the college itself.

In such a place the student spends

four years, not only studying under

men of learning and culture, un-

sullied by commercial passions, but

in social environments pervaded by

this same atmosphere, their whole

lives directed by this beneficent influ-

ence. A man could spend four years

in such a town and absorb more than

he could "earn" in a larger institu-

tion in the same time.

Proper development of the social

side of a man is as necessary to a

good education, as the training of

his faculties. Man is gregarious.

The hermit is unnatural and useless

to society. The college life in the

typical "college town" is a modifying

influence, a transformer of ideals.

Under the spell of modern independ-

ent thought, the student mind, di-

rected by the materialistic tendencies

of the times, is liable to agnosticism

unless some ethical influence to coun-

teract this effect is applied contin-

ually, and nowhere else is this pos-

sible except in the "college town."

stitution is in some respects the

most momentous act of their lives.

Too large a proportion have got

the university idea, regarding higher

education as simply the cramming of

Rudy, Phillips & Co.
Ladies' Parasols

Ladies' Parasols

All colors, silk of linen, priced for this week

Half Price

\$4.00 Parasols.....\$2.00 \$2.00 Parasols.....\$1.00
\$3.00 Parasols.....1.50 \$1.00 Parasols......50

None Excepted—All Se.

LOCAL NEWS

—For Dr. Pendley ring 416.
—WANTED Fifty ship carpenters. Paducah Marine Railway company.
—Dr. Hoyer residence phone 464; office 175.

—Dr. Gilbert, osteopath, 400 1/2 Broadway, Phone 196.

—City subscribers to the Daily Sun who wish the delivery of their papers stopped must notify our collectors or make the request direct to The Sun office. No attention will be paid to such orders when given to carriers. Sun Publishing Co.

—We give you better carriage and better service for the money than is given by any transfer company in America. Fine carriages for special occasions on short notice; also elegant livery rigs. Palmer Transfer Co.

—Kodaks from \$1 to \$25. Something new in the line and all necessary supplies that make kodaking pleasant, at R. D. Clements & Co.
—Farley & Fisher, veterinarians, 427 S. Third. Old phone 1315; new phone 351.

—Have The Sun mailed to you or any of your friends going away for the summer. The address will be changed as often as desired, and the rate is only 25c a month.

Hotel Belvedere Cafe, John Harris, steward. Soft shell crabs, frogs and all the seasonal delicacies.

—Gasoline boats for outing parties and hunting trips, furnished with licensed operator by Motor Boat Garage Co. Old phone 1113.
—Perpetual green lawn grass seed just received. Branson's, 529 Broadway.

—Local No. 318 Union Musicians, tomorrow night are giving at Wallace park pavilion, what will be the most pretentious dance of the summer season. All the orchestral musicians of the city will participate, forming two orchestras, of eight pieces each. These two orchestras will alternate in playing, furnishing continuous music so that no matter how large the crowd may be there will be no necessity of the floor being crowded. Admission is fifty cents; the right of admission is given; but all well disposed respectable persons are cordially welcome.

—The Ladies Mite society of the First Baptist church will meet Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock with Mrs. J. T. Thompson, 415 Clark street.

—The Modern Woodmen of America will give a fraternal entertainment with refreshments at Lone Oak Saturday night.

—Don't fail to hear Mr. Ben Fowler, the tenor singer and Herman Norris, the boy wonder, also illustrated songs and moving pictures, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, 21, 22 and 23, at Roxy Electric Theater, Admission 5 cents.

—Because some of the best guests in the Matinee club tables are absent from the city and officers of the club have important and urgent business, no Friday afternoon races will be held this week.

—Following are examinations ordered by the United States civil service commission for this district: Computer, United States naval observatory, September 11-12; medical expert, September 18; manufacturing cement chemist, September 18; mechanical draftsman, ordnance department at large, September 18, 19, 20.

—Dr. J. W. T. Patterson, of 435 North Twelfth street, announces that in future he may be reached by new phones 661 or 1500 instead of old phones 1161-m or 2099.

—Turned Back at Frontier.

—Rabbi Hirsch Is Not Allowed to Enter Russia.

—Paris, Aug. 22.—Very few people are in Paris just now against their will, but such is the position of Dr. Hirsch, of Chicago, one of the foremost rabbis and workers for the benefit of Russian Hebrews. Dr. Hirsch came from Chicago to make a special endeavor on their behalf in Russia, but was turned back when he reached the Russian frontier.

—He returned to Paris and is now at the Grand Hotel, debating what to do next.

PEOPLE AND SOCIAL EVENTS

Outland-Letter.

The many friends of Mrs. May Jetton, who is associated with uncle M. W. Martin in the Pomona book and music store, and is a member of the church choir, will be pleased to learn of her marriage to Mr. Edgar Outland, of Murray, Ky. The wedding took place at Los Angeles last week Wednesday, after which the happy couple proceeded to Long Beach to spend a few weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Outland will come to Pomona to make their future home. Mrs. Outland is formerly from Kentucky and has known her husband from childhood. Mr. Outland is a successful young business man and will be welcomed to our city.—Pomona (Cal.) Review.

Lawn Party.

The Misses Dora and Margaret Boyer pleasantly entertained Tuesday evening at their home in the county with a lawn party in honor of Miss Freda Dunbar, of Paducah, the charming guest of Miss Hattie Schmidt. About 40 guests were present. Music, games and refreshments rendered the evening enjoyable to all.

Dance for Visitor.

One of the most delightful dances of the season was given last night at the Wallace park pavilion in honor of Miss Hattie Carey, of Cairo, who is visiting Miss Henry Alcott. The evening was cool and a delightful one for dancing. In the party were: Misses Marjorie Lovins, Nell Hendrick, Helen Hillis, Rosalind and Lillian Hobson, Elsie Hodge, Garnett Buckner, Florence Loeb, Jeanette Petter, Brooks Smith, Dorothy Langstaff, Maude Cobb, May Owen, Philip Hughes, Hattie Carey, of Cairo, and Messrs. Carl Leigh and Henry Eckstein, of Chicago; Henry Kopf, Charles Kopf, James McGinnis, Guy Marlin, Kelly St. John, Will Baker II, Spillman, Roscoe Reed, Dr. Walter Iverson, Grover Jackson, Sam Hughes, Fred Gilman, Tom Coburn and J. Louis Gabel.

Charming Little Guest.

Miss Mary Overstreet, of Paducah, who is the charming little guest of Mrs. Charles Roswell, entertained a few friends Monday evening with a 8 o'clock dinner. After the elegant dinner was served, the young folks enjoyed various games and other amusements. The evening was a round of pleasure and the young ladies will long remember it. Miss Overstreet's guests were as follows: Misses Marion Jones, Louise Parkhill, Martha Crossland, Harry Parkhill, Virgil Farley, Margaret Taylor, Tan Roswell and Mary Overstreet. Mayfield Messenger.

Miss Belle V. O'Brien has returned from Cerulean Springs.

Mr. Will McCann, 1129 Madison street, left today for Dawson Springs.

Miss Anna Hays, 1131 Madison street, left today for Cincinnati and Chicago on a several weeks' visit.

Mr. Stewart Dick, city tax assessor, who is ill at the residence of R. H. Noble, 1846 Broadway, is slowly improving.

Miss Daisy Thomas, of Maplewood Terrace, returned today from a visit to friends and relatives in Dublin.

Mr. John D. Seales, traveling auditor of the Planter's Protective association, left today for Guthrie. Mr. Seales has been in the city for several days and now goes to Guthrie to make a report of the amount of tobacco.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Moore, 2219 Monroe street, returned today from Memphis, where they have been visiting.

Mrs. C. L. Harrington, 1846 Monroe street, and Miss Daisy Hollins.

man left today for New York and other cities in the east.

Detective Will Baker went to Dawson Springs today.

Mrs. Kate Van Pelt has returned from a several weeks' visit in Louisville and Jeffersonville.

Prof. C. M. Lieb has returned from a trip on the Mississippi river and will be in the city a week or more.

Mr. Max Rosenblatt, the cigar maker who left Paducah several years ago and settled in Denver, has returned to reside. He will open a cigar factory here.

Miss Caroline Ham, of 313 North Sixth street, supervisor of music in the public schools, has returned from Chicago, where she completed a course in vocal and instrumental music, and work having special reference to school music.

Mr. Herbert L. Wallerstein left last night for Chicago and the lakes for a two weeks' vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Jake Wallerstein will leave tonight for Michigan and the lakes.

Mr. George Lehnhard, house inspector, and children have returned from a visit to friends in Evansville.

Mr. R. J. Barber has returned from a visit at Princeton.

Mr. Lawrence Risor and mother, Mrs. L. P. Risor, returned home today from Fort Worth, Tex. Mrs. Risor left her daughter, Miss Louis Hollins, much improved.

Miss Helen Stone and Flossie Craig have returned from a visit in Evansville and Booneville, Ind.

Mr. W. B. Kennedy has returned from a business trip to New York and Hopkinsville.

Mr. E. W. Whitmore has returned from a six weeks' visit to Niagara Falls, New York and other cities in the east.

Miss Zula Cobb and niece, Miss Caroline Mather, left this morning for Washington, the Jamestown exposition and other cities in the east.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Leiber and daughter, Rosa, have returned from Dixon Springs.

Mrs. P. H. Fields, of South Fourth street, has gone to Fulton on a visit to the family of Mr. Charles Fields.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Pike have gone to Murphysboro, Ill., on a visit to their daughter, Mrs. D. C. Glass.

Messrs. Carl Leigh and Henry Eckstein will leave tomorrow for their home in Chicago after a visit to relatives here.

Mr. W. E. Fisher, 301 Jefferson street, has gone to the Jamestown exposition and other cities in the east.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Mulliken and children, of Louisville, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Coburn, of Washington street.

Mrs. Will Gilbert, Professor Harry Gilbert and Miss Nell Barry are guests at a home party given by Mrs. Jessie Cooley, Misses Henry Alcott and her guest, Miss Hattie Carey, of Cairo, left today to join the home party.

Mrs. B. B. Linn and daughter, Mary, have returned from a visit to Mrs. Linn's daughter, Mrs. B. B. Keys, of Pate, Tex.

Mrs. Fred McCandless, of Colconda, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Boyd, South Thirteenth street.

Mrs. William Hughes and Emma Boyd have returned from Asheville.

Mr. Nathaniel Black, of Oakland, Cal., is visiting his aunt, Mrs. William Marlin, wife of the well known attorney.

Mr. J. W. Hughes went to Calvert City this morning on business.

Mrs. Lizzie Bell returned from Saratoga Springs this morning after a week's stay in the popular resort.

Mrs. R. L. Grogan, of Murray, was in Paducah last night.

Mr. W. V. Eaton will leave tomorrow for Central City to take depositions.

Miss Joe Miller, 416 South Sixth street, has returned from a visit to friends at La Center.

Mrs. D. H. Hughes and Charles Wheeler, of Wheeler, Hughes & Berry, are in Wickliffe today on business.

Mr. Ernest Baker, of Central City, is in the city.

Mrs. C. W. Emery and son, Lorenzo, and Miss Mabel McNeils, have returned from the Jamestown exposition, Washington and other cities in the east.

Dr. Vernon Byrhe has returned from Louisville, where he accompanied Mr. W. L. Houston, who has been ill of fever. Mr. Houston stood the trip well.

Miss Ethel O'Brien, 1001 Jefferson street, left this afternoon for Cerulean Springs.

Col. Bud Dale and Mr. W. H. Rayzor are attending a picnic at Fortson's creek, in the county, today.

Mrs. W. H. Carroll, 421 North Seventh street, and little Miss Lone Carroll left this morning for St. Louis to visit Mrs. Carroll's daughter.

roll left this morning for St. Louis to visit Mrs. Carroll's daughter.

Attorney J. C. Speight, of Mayfield, is in the city on professional business.

Dr. R. C. Gore, of Lone Oak, is in Paducah today on business.

Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Trout and little daughter Grace, of Jonesboro, Ark., left for their home this morning after a few days' visit to Mr. Roy Morgan.

Mr. Melvin Wallerstein returned last night from a two weeks' vacation, spent in the larger cities.

Miss Ruby Halley, 907 Harrison street, returned today from Brim, Tenn., where she attended a house party.

Mrs. Lillian Jameston, of Mayfield, was in the city today visiting friends.

Mr. S. N. Hecht left today for New York on a business trip. He will be gone for several weeks.

Mrs. Carrie Girardey left today for New York and other eastern cities on a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Hall, 434 South Fourth street, left today for New York, the Jamestown exposition and other eastern cities.

Mr. George Schaefer, of Cincinnati, left today after a business trip in the city.

Mr. L. C. Goering returned to his home in Owensboro today, after visiting Mayor and Mrs. D. A. Yelzer at their summer home in Arcadia.

Mrs. J. B. Moss and children are visiting her mother, Mrs. M. O. Allen, 514 North Fourth street.

Mrs. R. L. Grogan, of Murray, and son, Mr. Hal Grogan, passed through Paducah today en route home from Kansas City. Mrs. Grogan is the mother of Attorney J. R. Grogan.

GIUS DISAPPEAR.

Berlin Police Have Several Mysteries to Solve.

Berlin, Aug. 22.—The mysterious disappearance of young women in Berlin is increasing to an alarming extent. No less than five such disappearances were reported to the police today, and a number of others occurred this week. It is surmised that "white slave" operators are at work and probably export their victims, as most of the girls disappeared without leaving any trace of their whereabouts.

ENDAVORERS MAKE GAINS.

67,776 Societies, With 4,000,000 Members, Included in Figures.

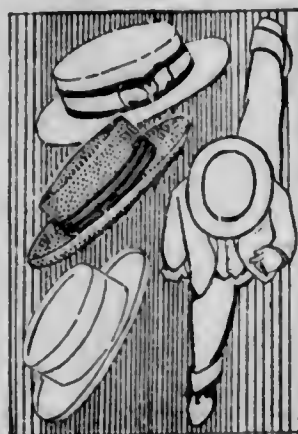
Warsaw, Ind., Aug. 20.—The Christian Endeavor society has had a large growth, according to figures introduced today at the annual conference being held at Winona lake. There are now 67,776 societies and 4,000,000 members. Sixty denominations have Christian Endeavor societies. In the last five years 6,000 new societies have been organized.

Seventeen Millions.

Michael Holland, of Pine Bluff, Ark., who has been in Paducah on business, yesterday received word that arrangements had been made for the settlement of the estate of his uncle, Dennis Holland, a millionaire resident of Cork, Ireland, who died about one year ago. He left an estate estimated at \$17,000,000. Mr. Holland went home yesterday to arrange for a trip to Ireland.

Steeplejack Falls 418 Feet.

London, Aug. 22.—John Goldie, the famous steeplejack, fell this morning from the top of the Toward edifice, which is 418 feet high and the highest in the world. His body crashed through the roof of the works and was mutilated beyond recognition.



A long step in the right direction.

The cold spring has made it hot for us. We are carrying too many straw hats on hand.

Rather you'd carry them on your head.

This week your choice at one-fourth off the regular price.

B. Nolle & Son
HATS AND CANES
400-415 BROADWAY

Fall Races

...And...

ANNUAL HORSE SHOW

Paducah, Ky.

Sept. 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th

\$6,000 Purses and Premiums.

Water Koolers

At

HART'S

R

GOOD and CHEAP

GEO. O. HART & SONS CO.

Incorporated.

WANT ADS.

Subscribers inserting want ads in The Sun will kindly remember that all such items are to be paid for when the ad is inserted, the rule applying to every one without exception.

FOR KINDLING wood ring 2361. MITCHELLS for high-grade bicycles, 326-328 South Third street.

WANTED—To buy trunk. Address C. care Sun.

CLEANING and pressing neatly done. James Duffy, Phone 462-a.

FOR RENT—Three room cottage. Apply to 1335 Trinkle street.

FOR ROOMS comfortable and neat go to 1309 Jefferson street.

FURNISHED ROOM for rent—408 Washington. Phone 2500.

FOR HEATING and stove wood ring 437 F. Levin.

FOR RENT—Two rooms for light housekeeping. 407 South Fourth St.

FOR DRY WOOD, old phone 2361.

WANTED—Fifty ship carpenters. Paducah Marine Railway company.

COOK—WANTED—327 South Fourth street. Chris Liebel.

W. D. BROWN Concrete Contractor. Ornamental and waterproof work a specialty. Phone 2820.

WANTED—Five union painters. Apply to Gilson paint store, Wyatt & Holland.

FOR THE BEST sandwiches, chile and hot tamales, call 43 111 1/2 South Third street.

FOR SALE—Five fine quarter oak settees. Almost new, 301 Kentucky avenue. Old phone 506.

FOR HICKORY stove wood and sawdust telephone Robert Smith, New Phone 763.

CLOTHES cleaned and pressed. All work guaranteed. Solomon, The Tailor, 113 South Third street. Phone 1916-a.

WHEN BUYING HARNESS, Saddles or repair at the Paducah Harness and Saddle Co., you are getting the best. 204 Kentucky avenue.

FOR RENT—The barber shop on Seventh street opposite the court house. Possession given at once. Apply at Hiederman's store.

FOR RENT OR SALE—Eleven room house on South Sixth street between Clark and Washington. Newly painted and in good condition. Apply to H. A. Petter.

FOR RENT—Two six room cottages 502 and 506 North Seventh street. All modern conveniences. Furnished if desired. Phone 2368.

LADIES—Our catalogue explains how we teach hairdressing, manicuring, facial massage, etc., in few weeks, mailed free. Moler College St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Experienced double entry bookkeeper. Must be accurate and able correspondent. State age, previous employment and salary expected. Address 2 care The Sun.

15 TEAMS wanted at Fifth and Monroe avenue. Apply to Contractor Welkel.

FOR RENT—Front room with or without board, 421 South Sixth. Old phone 1949.

MEN—Our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in a few weeks mailed free. Moler Barber College, St. Louis, Mo.

Condition of First Street.

Members of the street committee of the general council will meet with the city auditor, representatives of the Illinois Central and property owners on First street tomorrow night, in regard to the condition of First street.

C. E. KIDD & O. R. KIDD

Physicians and Surgeons

Office 609 Broadway.

Both Phones

Office 1116. Residence 81

DR. MILTON BOARD

Office Columbia Building.

With Dr. J. Q. Taylor.

Phones—Residence, Palmer House

Office, Both phones 47.

Hours—10 to 12; 4:30 to 5:30; 7 to 8; Monday, 10 to 12.

A PERFECT CURE.



Mrs. Haigh: "Did that idea of putting whisky in your husband's tea to cure him of drink succeed?"
Mrs. Beigh: "Oh, well, he hasn't touched a drop since."
Mrs. Haigh: "Of whisky?"
Mrs. Beigh: "No. Of tea."

A BARGAIN IN FARM LANDS

An Undivided Estate Must Be Sold at Once

SITUATED within a mile and a half of Trenton, Ky., a town of 2,000 people, having good schools, churches, rural deliveries, telephone connections throughout the county and a rich surrounding territory owned by well-to-do farmers, this farm commends itself to anyone seeking good farm lands in a high-class farming section of beautiful country with social advantages. Tract embraces 306 acres of good land, all of which is in a high state of cultivation, with the exception of 50 acres of timber. One the place there is one residence of seven rooms, one large stock barn sufficient to accommodate twenty head of stock, besides spacious hay loft and corn cribs, three large tobacco barns, three good tenant houses, fine well and cistern, large orchard, vineyard, plenty of stock water, etc. The price will be named upon application at this office. Now is the time to see what the land will produce. Telephone 127 or call at office.

H.C. Hollins

GEO. ADE'S FABLES

The Town Lover; or, How the Lady-Killer Blew Up In the Stretch.

(Copyright, 1902, 1903, by Robert Howard Russell.)



NO SCANDAL.

There once lived in a prominent hall-way in a town a little fellow known as Wilbur. He was what you might call a half-portion. That is, he was a little shy on weight, but what he lacked in weight he made up in nerve. He was a Fresh Gasabe, who could get away with anything. For instance, he could sit in a Lady's Lap for an hour at a time without starting any scandal, and yet if a full-grown man tried to hold this same Lady's Hand for a couple of minutes, just to be sociable, she would tell around that she had been insulted.

In speaking of Wilbur the Girls usually said that he was cute, or else just too cunning for any use. The men said various things about him, but what they said does not come under the head of Sunday Reading.

Every debutante wanted to wear him on her chateaub, but most of the men were plotting to drop a little Prussic Acid into his Ice-Cream Soda. For some reason or other the glib young Scoundrel was a Ten-Strike with the Lady Gossips never stands very close with the Poker-Players.

When a man has put some blonde Esmeralda up on a pedestal a little high and is silently waiting for the day when he will know her well enough to carelessly throw one Arm over the back of the Chair, it makes him Hop-Fred to see some big-nosed Rabbit with an immortal Head chase up to the Goddess and give her the Kitchy-Kitchy Business under the Chin and call her "Rabbe."

The Pocket-edition Society Boy can take Liberties that would cause the Six-Footer to be murdered and thrown into the river.

Wilbur was the busiest little insect that ever buzzed, and his work had a Mahogany Finish. He could put in an Afternoon with five or six boulevard Nettes and make every one of them think that she was the High Card.

His Den was richly decorated with Trophies of the Chase, and the Post-man became lopsided from delivering his Mail.

There is such a Thing as being too Popular, and that was what ailed Wilbur. He was being passed around all the while and never had time to devote himself to any particular Queen, and besides, he didn't meet very many that were Particular. He fluttered from Flower to Flower, and he did not have the Heart to tie up with any one of the Bunch and make her his Steady, because he knew that the others would pine away or else renounce the World and enter a Convent.

One reason why Wilbur had such a strong Pull with the Buds was that he never permitted his Work to interfere with his Social Duties. They could get him on the Phone at any time and book him for any kind of a Stunt from a Luncheon to a Golf Tourney. He kept his Evening Clothes at the Office, and he could respond to a Dinner Invitation like a Fireman going to a Fire. He never side-stepped a chance to eat.

One of his prize Specialties was to play sympathetic Companion to the Woman whose Husband belongs to a Club. He cultivated the antique Hens who make out the Invitation Lists, and that is why Wilbur usually led the German and distributed the Favors when the Smart Set pulled off a Collation. Although he was on Salary, he somehow contrived to hold up his End. Fortunately, his Board did not cost him anything, and he squared all of his Society Obligations by making Party Units instead of sending American Beauties.

Inasmuch as all of the real Tessies were more or less crazy about Wilbur, it seemed a lead-pipe Certainty that he would land an Heiress who would take him to Palm Beach on a Wedding Tour and then pay his Tailor Bills for all time. However, so many were on his Trail that not one of them had a chance to monopolize him. Just when Hortense would get him off into a Corner to tell him that she loved him, Eyes, Beryl would come along and begin to stroke his Hair, and then Clarice would come up and pin Violins on him.

A Selling-Plater can keep after one Girl and finally bound her into making a Promise, but the Honey Boy has to play a Circuit all the Time. Wilbur usually had about 47 Names in his Date-Book.

He never ran short because when

the June Brides dropped out, a new Crop, fresh from the Boarding-Schools, came in to fill the Vacuum.

Year after Year the Ladies' Aid continued his heart-breaking Career, not because he wished to be Cruel, but because he couldn't help being so ill-dreaded Entangling.

There never was a time when he could have put a Tag on any Maiden without putting a Blight on the entire Female Community; so he waited.

In fact, he overdid the Waiting Act. About the time that he outgrew his Hair and began to look a little puffy around the Eyes, the Luntz-Tun Elite caught the A Thetle Fever. The Real Boy In Society, was the husky fellow who had played on a College Eleven and who owned a String of Polo Ponies.

Little Wilbur, the has-been Midge, found that he could drift into a Drawing-Room without causing the faintest Ripple.

Now that he was becoming Bald and Shelf-Worn, no one cared to use him as a Pet.

He was lucky if he got a few kind Words from some elderly Patroness. As for the Girls who owned a Million Dollars apiece, they couldn't see him with a Spy-Glass.

So he became that pathetic Figure, the played-out Beau, the extinct Volcano in the Landscape of Gayety. He tried to bluff in, from Force of Habit, but he had the Ice Pitcher handed to him so often that at last he got wise to himself and realized that he belonged on the Top Shelf.

He did what every Man does—viz, the best he can. He hooked up with a Maiden Lady who looked all right in the Dark, and although a Bundle of Money came with her, he earned nil that he got.

MORAL: He who nabs the First One seldom makes a Mistake.

OZONE AS A STERILIZER.
New Method of Purifying Ill-smelling Beer Kegs.

Ozone was recently employed for the purpose of sterilizing and cleaning ill-smelling and putrid beer kegs. The process employed is of considerable interest, and is as follows:

When the casks and other receptacles were not too much soiled they were first washed and steamed, and next ozonized air was blown direct through the bung hole. In cases where the kegs were much soiled and ill-smelling and the interior showed numerous micro-organisms, they were partly filled with water and ozonized air was introduced through the water by means of a tube.

When in a very foul state the casks were first chemically cleaned with sodium hypochlorite or magnesium hypochlorite solution; sometimes the chlorine was freed by adding a small quantity of acid, the kegs were closed and shaken vigorously; next they were treated with ozonized water until the last traces of chlorine were removed. In this manner very foul and ill-smelling casks were rendered perfectly sweet and free from mold and bacteria.

Extensive quantitative tests instituted by the author with the wood of the interior of the kegs revealed that the number of bacteria which were innumerable before the disinfection, had decreased to but a few after a half hour's treatment. The experimenter tested the behavior of ozone to yeasts and bacteria and found that bacteria are more sensitive to this disinfectant than the yeasts.—Philadelphia Record.

Old Time Irrigation Works.

There is nothing new under the sun. It has been discovered that irrigation works existed long before Columbus discovered America. An investigation by the Geological Survey has brought to light the ruins of an ancient canal, twenty feet below the present surface, constructed in prehistoric times, and in order to prevent the searching climate from drinking up the water before it could be distributed over the fields the canal had been lined with some kind of cement which has withstood the elements for centuries. Today, in the same country in the vicinity of Phoenix alone, there are more than five hundred miles of canals and ditches and more than 200,000 acres of cultivated fields, producing cereals and grasses of every kind, and even tropical products for luxury as well as necessity. But the secret of the ancient canal builders who constructed their ditches so as to save the last drop of water still remains unsolved.—Utica Press.

It's awfully hard for a woman to believe the nice things she tells other women about her husband.

SPIRITED AWAY IN BROAD DAYLIGHT

Former Postoffice Clerk Handcuffed in St. Louis.

Employer Believes He Is Victim of Plot of Three Government Inspectors.

ROMANCE OF OFFICIAL LIFE.

Hot Springs, Ark., Aug. 22.—Kidnaped in broad daylight on a public thoroughfare of Hot Springs, bundled into a waiting cab, handcuffed, drugged and spirited away to St. Louis, there to make a thrilling escape from his mysterious captors by leaping from a swiftly moving train, were the melodramatic experiences of Re-lis Chitwood, a former government employee, who disappeared from here Sunday afternoon. No solution of the mystery was had until a message arrived from St. Louis today telling of the appearance there of a suspicious looking person wearing handcuffs, who said he had been dragged in Hot Springs, Ark., by two unknown men and that after drinking something in a cab with them he had lost consciousness until he awakened in a Pullman berth, and that he had jumped from the fast train to escape a fate which he could not imagine.

The fact that three postoffice inspectors who had registered at the Great Northern hotel disappeared simultaneously with Chitwood, and that the young man had been involved in a series of difficulties with them; that he has made on the witness stand sensational charges against certain inspectors and officials of the local postoffice, and that he has been indicted by the federal grand jury on nine charges which he claims were trumped up and of which he was cleared in the courts at Little Rock; these considerations lead to the belief that his abduction was the work of special agents of the government although no new charges have been formally lodged against the young man.

"Let him have what money he needs. He is as good as gold," was the message sent to the Shumans Hardware company by Ham Williams, president of the Williams Hardware company, leading concern of Hot Springs, after Chitwood had applied to the former firm for money to pay his fare home.

Chitwood is at present employed by Mr. Williams, who believes the young man absolutely innocent of the charge placed against him. "I believe him to be a victim of persecution and conspiracy," said his employer, and I expect to stand by him.

Chitwood charged on the stand in the federal court at Little Rock that a certain postoffice inspector and another postal official had sought to force him to swear to a lie in order to convict former Assistant Postmaster Sam McConnell of serious charges. The cases against McConnell failed, although he was ousted from his position. Chitwood was cleared of eight of nine charges against him in the lower United States supreme court, while the one conviction was reversed in the appellate court. When the federal grand jury convened again still another charge was placed against him, that of perjury, which still hangs over him.

"How Doth the Little Busy Bee"



Tommy—'Wot's the good o' tellin' me the bees is carryin' 'oney 'ome? This one wasn't. 'Oo-hoo! 'E was carryin' mustard. I knows—I've swallered it.—Pick-Me-Up.

Terrible Thought.

Church.—It is estimated that the sun will be able to supply the present amount of heat for another 20,000,000 years.

Gotham.—And after that I shudder at the thoughts of our coal hills.—Yonkers Statesman.

Hotel Guest (who has found several hairs in the butter).—"Look here, waiter, must one order haird butter?"—Bon Vivant.

MIND DERANGED BY COMIC CARDS

Cause Attributed for Suicide of Paul C. Barth.

Had Become Despondent Since Trucl Exposure of City Hall Methods.

STORY OF HIS LIFE'S ENDING.

Louisville, Aug. 22.—In a fit of despondency former Mayor Paul C. Barth shot himself in the head in the toilet room, adjoining his office at the Utica line company, 421 Main street, and died twenty-five minutes later.

The report of the pistol and the subsequent falling of the body appalled the stenographer Frank Salamachia of the tragedy. He screamed to clerks in the main office and Wallace B. Mann and Arthur E. Livingston hurried to the rear and into the toilet room, where they found the body of their employer, the blood streaming from the wound. They carried him into the office and summoned Dr. Andrew Sargent.

The bullet from a thirty-two caliber Smith & Wesson revolver, struck him just over the tip of the right ear and plowed his way through his brain. The revolver, a brand new one and of the largest pattern, contained six loaded cartridges, while six others were found in the pockets of the dead man. But one shot was fired, and the pistol was found in Mr. Barth's lap. The body was in a sitting posture.

Coroner Ellis Duncan, who was dining at the Tavern club, was hurriedly summoned, and after viewing the body ordered it removed to the undertaking rooms of J. J. Barrett & Sons, to be prepared for burial. Mr. Barth's wife was hurried by the Barrett undertaking company, and Mr. Barth is said to have expressed a wish to have them officiate at his funeral.

Had Been Despondent.

Since the publication of the story of the horse purchased by former City Buyer Hishop for the use of Mayor Barth, and which Mr. Barth said he later decided to buy because of his attachment to the animal, upon which transactions his friends say a wrong construction was put, Mr. Barth had been morose and despondent. His friends rallied to him and attempted to cheer him but to no avail. He continued to brood over the affair until his friends insist that he became mentally deranged.

Flooded With Comic Post Cards.

It was learned this afternoon that for the past several days Mr. Barth's mail has been flooded with comic post cards from all sections of the country containing the picture of a horse and such expressions as "A horse on you." These post cards and the numerous references made to the horse which he recently purchased from the city are believed to have contributed to his despondency which resulted in his suicide.

"Of Such is the Kingdom."

We no longer believe in the chern-bim consumera floating amid the cloud spaces and flustering unproductive harps.

Solid American horse sense will have none of such stuff. Not only does it know better than to dally with the nonsense of suffering the rising generation to rust in profitless play, but it can also readily and without stretching matters justify its fine national industry of canning childhood.

The breaker boys whose fingers redden the anthracite, the infants of the glass infernos and the babes of the cotton bolls can all give cards and spades to the molly-coddles of the harp strings. Medieval art, born in an age unblessed by humming factories and juley figures of prosperity, must be held responsible for peopling the fancies of the sentimental with parasite angels.

If reformers had common sense they would cease bidding us fence a generous Providence by monkeying with the present admirable arrangement of matters industrial. They are overmuch engrossed with the affairs of this planet, anyway. Let them give some thought to the conditions in the after-life.

Thus far our surmises as to the other world have sifted down through inept religious visionaries. What we need is sound word on this subject from a practical mind. Only practical persons can understand what prosperity means and there must be a stiff price for it.

They should be able to show with

We have several good driving horses for sale at reasonable prices and will guarantee them as represented. Call and see them.
THE TULLY LIVERY COMPANY
Livery and Boarding Barn. Fourth Street and Kentucky Avenue.

FOR RENT

Several desirable offices and rooms, on second and third floor; water, light, heat and janitor service included; prices reasonable.

AMERICAN-GERMAN NATIONAL BANK

CITY TRANSFER CO

Now located at
Glauber's Stable.
We are ready for all kinds of hauling.
TELEPHONE 499

case that what the dreamers call the "Two tramps appeared together by wheels of fate and the boom of des- to a mag- icate. They are nothing more than typical Where do you live?" he asked the American enterprises on a count rest scale. And surely for such a job, "I haven't any home," he replied. trained hands are needed and not "And you?" to the other transfigured minutes. "I live in the same house as in does," he replied.—New Leaders.

A true to agitation. Child labor is fulfilling a divine purpose. Truly up a child in the way he should tog Dynamas have been successfully and when he is dead he will make ed economically driven by gas ex Good—Life.

Foreman Bros. Novelty Co.

Incorpo
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES

House wiring, electric plants installed.
Complete machine shop.
122-124 N. Fourth St. Phone 757

GUY NANCE & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers
211-213 S. Third St. Paducah, Ky.

W. F. Paxton, President. R. Rudy, Cashier. F. Puryear, Assistant Cashier.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK

Incorporated
Capital\$100,000
Surplus50,000
Stockholders Liability100,000
Total security to depositors\$250,000
Accounts of individuals and firms solicited. We appreciate small as well as large deposits and accord to all the same courteous treatment.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits

OPEN SATURDAY NIGHTS FROM 7 TO 8 O'CLOCK.

Third and Broadway

Look at the Stamp on Bottled in Bond Whiskies

Very frequently the most inferior goods depend on their sale by having a green stamp on the neck of the bottle. This counts for nothing without merit and quality is in the bottle.

Early Times

And
Jack Beam

Is nine summers old. The government stamp will so indicate.

LARK'S KIDNEY GLOBES

**Guaranteed Cure
for all Kidney and
Bladder Diseases.**

**SMALL AS A PILL
EASIER TO TAKE**

Two doses give relief, and one box will cure any ordinary case of kidney or bladder trouble. Removes gravel, cures Diabetes, Seminal Emissions, Weak and Lame Back, Rheumatism, and all irregularities of the Kidneys and Bladder in both men and women. Sold at 50 cents per box in the no cure no pay basis by McPherson's Drug Store, Fourth and Broadway, sole agent for Paducah, or sent by mail upon receipt of price by Lark Medicine Co., Louisville, Ky.

FOUND A NAIL IN HIS SKULL.

Survivor of Many Falls Has No Chance Now.

A remarkable discovery, says the Brooklyn Eagle, was made by the surgeons at Williamsburg hospital while they were operating on the skull of William V. Albright, who fell from the elevated structure being erected across the Brooklyn plaza of the Williamsburg bridge. The surgeon came across a hard substance embedded in the skull and a closer examination disclosed it to be the head of a nail. It proved to be a nail fully three inches long, which had penetrated the brain.

The associates of Albright say he has had a remarkable career since he became an iron worker. He has had several 30 and 40 foot falls, and one 87 foot fall from a New Liverpool bridge. One time he fell 100 feet from a bridge in Pennsylvania into the water and was nearly drowned before hauled ashore.

WILLIAMS' KIDNEY PILLS.

Have you neglected your kidneys? Have you overworked your nervous system and caused trouble with your kidneys and bladder? Have you pain in loins, side, back, groin and bladder? Have you a flabby appearance of the face especially in the eyes? If so, Williams' Kidney Pills will cure you—at Druggists, Price 50c. Williams, Mfg. Co., Prop., Cleveland, O.

See Sun want ads, for results.

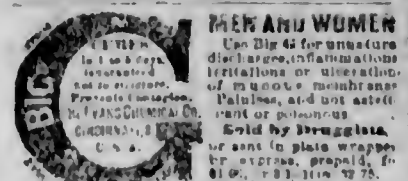
BAD BLOOD

I had trouble with my bowels, which made my blood impure. My face was covered with pimples, which were not only ugly but caused me to feel very low. After using a bottle of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, my bowels were regular, my face cleared up, and I felt like a new man. I am now a healthy, vigorous man, and I can do any kind of work. I am now a healthy, vigorous man, and I can do any kind of work. I am now a healthy, vigorous man, and I can do any kind of work.



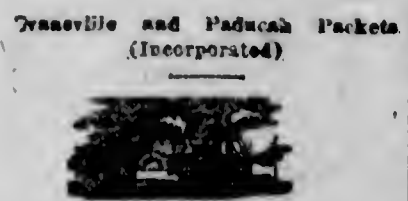
Pleasant, Palatable, Reliant, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sickens, Weakens or Irritates, No Side Effect, Sold in Bulk. The genuine is in a glass bottle. C. C. O. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sterling Kennedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. COO

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES



Oak Dale Hotel
Brookport, Ill.
Rates \$1 a Day. — Everything O.K.
Mrs. J. A. Lockman, Proprietress.

EVANSVILLE, PADUCAH AND
CAIRO LINE.



Steamer Joe Fowler and John A. Hopkins, leave Paducah for Evansville and way landings at 11 a. m. Special excursion rate now in effect from Paducah to Evansville and return, \$4.00. Elegant meals on the boat. Table unsurpassed.

STEAMER DICK FOWLER

Leaves Paducah for Cairo and way landings at 8 a. m. sharp, daily, except Sunday. Special excursion rates now in effect from Paducah to Cairo and return, with or without meals and room. Good music and table unsurpassed.

For further information apply to E. A. Fowler, General Pass. Agent, or Elven Fowler, City Pass. Agent, at Fowler-Cruzbaugh & Co's. offices Both phones No. 22.

THE LION AND THE MOUSE.

By CHARLES KLEIN.

A Story of American Life Novelized From the Play by
ARTHUR HORNBLow.

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(Continued from last issue.)

"Hello, Shirley," he cried gayly. "Who would have expected to find you rustling on a bench here? I pictured you grinding away at home doing literary stunts for the governor." He grinned and then added: "Come for a drive, I want to talk to you."

Shirley demurred. No, she could not spare the time. Yet, she thought to herself, why not this a good opportunity to explain to Jefferson how he came to find her in his father's library masquerading under another name and also to ask him to secure the letters for her? While she pondered Jefferson insisted, and a few minutes later she found herself sitting beside him in the car. They started off at a brisk pace, Shirley sitting with her head back, enjoying the strong breeze caused by the rapid motion.

"Now tell me," he said, "what does it all mean? I was so startled at seeing you in the library the other day that I almost betrayed you. How did you come to call on father?"

Briefly Shirley explained everything. She told him how Mr. Hyder had written to her asking her to call and see him and how she had eagerly seized at this last straw in the hope of helping her father. She told him about the letters, explaining how necessary they were for her father's defense and how she had discovered them. Mr. Hyder, she said, had seemed to take a fancy to her and had asked her to remain in the house as his guest while she was compiling his biography, and she had accepted the offer not so much for the amount of money involved as for the splendid opportunity it afforded her to gain possession of the letters.

"So that is the mysterious work you spoke of, to get those letters?" said Jefferson.

"Yes; that is my mission. It was a secret. I couldn't tell you. I couldn't tell any one. Only Judge Stott knows. He is aware I have found them and is hourly expecting to receive them from me. And now," she said, "I want your help."

His only answer was to grasp tighter the hand she had laid in his. She knew that she would not have to explain the nature of the service she wanted. He understood.

"Where are the letters?" he demanded.

"In the left hand drawer of your father's desk," she answered.

He was silent for a few moments, and then he said sharply: "I will get them."

The only by this time had got as far as the front door, and from the hill summit they had a splendid view of the broad sweep of the majestic Hudson and the towering walls of the blue palisades. The day was so beautiful and the air so invigorating that Jefferson suggested a ramble along the banks of the river. They could leave the car at Chateaufort and drive back to the city later. Shirley was too grateful to him for his promise of cooperation to make any further opposition, and soon they were far away from the banks of the river, down on the banks of the historic stream, picking flowers and laughing merrily like two trout children bent on a self-made holiday. The place they had reached was just outside the northern boundaries of Harlem, aylvan spot still unspoiled by the rude invasion of the fashionable builder. The land, thickly wooded, sloped down sharply to the water, and the perfect quiet was broken only by the chirping of the tiny surf against the rocks in the trees.

Although it was late in October, the day was warm, and Shirley soon tired of climbing over brawling entangled verdure. The rich grass underfoot looked cool and inviting, and the natural slope of the ground affording an ideal resting place she sat there, with Jefferson stretched out at her feet, both watching idly the dancing waters of the broad Hudson, spangled with gleams of light, as they swept swiftly by on their journey to the sea.

"Shirley," said Jefferson suddenly. "I suppose you saw that ridiculous story about my alleged engagement to Miss Roberts. I hope you understood that it was done without my consent."

"If I did not guess it, Jeff," she answered, "your assurance would be sufficient. Besides," she added, "what right have I to object?"

"But I want you to have the right," he replied earnestly. "I'm going to stop this Roberts nonsense in a way my father hardly anticipates. I'm just waiting a chance to talk to him. I'll show him the absurdity of announcing me engaged to a girl who is about to elope with his private secretary."

"Elope with the secretary?" exclaimed Shirley.

Jefferson told all about the letter he had found on the staircase and the Hon. Fitzroy Bagley's plans for a runaway marriage with the senator's wealthy daughter.

"It's a godsend to me," he said gleefully. "Their plan is to get married next Wednesday. I'll see my father on Tuesday. I'll put the evidence in his hands, and I don't think," he added grimly, "he'll bother me any more about Miss Roberts."

"So you're not going away now?" said Shirley, smiling down at him.

He sat up and leaned over toward her.

"I can't, Shirley, I simply can't," he replied, his voice trembling. "You are more to me than I dreamed a woman could ever be. I realize it more forcibly every day. There is no use fighting against it. Without you my work, my life, means nothing."

Shirley shook her head and averted her eyes.

"Don't let us speak of that, Jeff," she pleaded gently. "I told you I did not belong to myself while my father was in peril."

"But I must speak of it," he interrupted. "Shirley, you do yourself an injustice as well as me. You are not indifferent to me—I feel that. You why raise this barrier between us?"

A soft light stole into the girl's eyes. Ah, it was good to feel there was some one to whom she was everything in the world!

"Don't ask me to betray my trust, Jeff," she faltered. "You know I am not indifferent to you—far from it. But I—"

He came closer until his face nearly touched hers.

"I love you—I want you," he murmured feverishly. "Give me the right to claim you before all the world as my future wife!"

Every note of his rich, manly voice, vibrating with impetuous passion, sounded in Shirley's ear like a soft caress. She closed her eyes. A strange feeling of languor was stealing over her; a mysterious thrill passed through her whole body. The eternal, inevitable sex instinct was disturbing for the first time a woman whose life had been singularly free from such influences, putting to flight all the calculations and resolves her cooler judgment had made. The sensuous charm of the place, the distant splash of the water, the slushing of the birds' the fragrance of the trees and grass—all these symbols of the joy of life conspired to arouse the love hunger of the woman.

Why, after all, should she not know happiness like other women? She had a sacred duty to perform. It was true, but would it be less well done because she declined to stifle the natural tenderness of her womanhood? Both her soul and her body called out, "Let this man love you; give yourself to him; he is worthy of your love."

Half unconsciously she listened to his urgent wooing, her eyes shut, as he spoke quickly, passionately, his breath warm upon her cheek:

"Shirley, I offer you all the devotion a man can give a woman. Say the word that will make me the happiest or the most wretched of men. Yes or no! Only think well before you wreck my life."

She was silent for a few moments, and then he said sharply: "I will get them."

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He came closer until his face nearly touched hers.

IT'S OUR WORK

to properly, accurately and promptly fill prescriptions. We use the greatest care in so doing and our prescription department methods are designed to this end after much study and experience.

The quality of our drugs and chemicals is of the very highest and their freshness and effectiveness the best. We appreciate the importance of even the smallest details and guard against any imperfections.

Bring Us Your Prescriptions.

McPHERSON'S Drug Store.

She opened her eyes. His face was bent close over hers. Their lips almost touched.

"Yes, Jefferson," she murmured, "I do love you!"

His lips met hers in a long, passionate kiss. Her eyes closed, and an ecstatic thrill seemed to convulse her entire being. The birds in the trees overhead sang in more joyful chorus in celebration of the betrothal.

(To be continued in next issue.)

ROUND TOP

DENIZEN WAS TOO YOUNG FOR THE TRAFFIC.

She Was Sent to School of Reform (?) Until She Attained Her Legal Majority.

Henrich Smallman, a girl said to be under 16 years old, who has been residing at the "Round Top" house near Sixth and Flounary streets, was ordered taken to the state reformatory yesterday afternoon by County Judge R. T. Lightfoot. Patrolman Aaron Hurley was appointed a committee to take the child there. The girl is a daughter of the late Robert Smallman, who was killed by Henry Temple at Maxon Mills several years ago. Her mother was left with few resources, and came to Paducah. Last winter the clearly club helped the couple for several months until the mother was forced to go to Riverdale hospital by illness. The girl lived with women of questionable character.

European Parcels Post.

Arthur Perry Brink, of Chicago, returned to London today after a tour of the continent, convinced that the American government could conduct a parcels post system with immense benefit to the American people. "Of course," he said to the Daily News correspondent this morning, "the express companies, now making millions, would lose heavily, but the nation would make a corresponding saving. Furthermore, in my opinion, the service would be even quicker and more efficient than it is at present."

"Throughout Europe, I saw the parcels post in active and satisfactory operation. At all the railway stations there were in waiting parcels post wagons and carts, and the parcels were handled with great rapidity. I also saw these vehicles at almost every turn in the streets. Those in charge were smartly dressed and moved as if they understood the value of time. Every kind of a parcel is carried, including valises, suit cases and steamer trunks."

"I left my money belt under the mattress of a hotel in Hamburg. The belt had \$20 in it, and I telegraphed back from Berlin for it. The next morning the belt reached me by registered parcels post. Although I had asked the proprietor of the hotel to give the finder \$5 if the money was recovered, not a cent had been taken out. He had prepaid the postage himself and explained in a letter that he had given nothing to the chambermaid because she had violated her instructions by failing to lift the mattress, under which the proprietor himself had found the belt just after I had left. It is needless to say that I could not permit such virtue to go unrewarded."—Chicago Daily News.

"Ma!" "Yes, dearest, what is it?" "Did you get my baby slater at the grocery?" "Of course not. Whatever put such an idea in your head?" "It says on the grocery wagon, 'Families supplied.'"—Judge.

Senator Glucose says that his honesty has never been questioned. That's right. He declined to answer by advice of his counsel.—Brooklyn Eagle.

For the
CHAFING DISH
Denatured
Alcohol

We take pleasure in announcing that we now have Denatured Alcohol for our trade. It is to be used for burning purposes only, as nearly every one now knows, but for use in the arts and mechanics it is the most economical and satisfactory fuel known.

Cheaper than wood alcohol, it also burns without any of its offensive odor. Next time try it in your chafing dish or alcohol heater; it will be a revelation to you. Be sure to phone WINSTEAD'S, for no other Paducah druggist handles it.

Both Phones 756.

15c 1/2 pt. and bottle; 5c rebate for bottle, when
25c 1 pt. and bottle; 10c rebate for bottle.
35c 2 pt. and bottle; 10c rebate for bottle.

S. H. WINSTEAD
Prompt Service on Telephone Orders.
Seventh and Broadway.

CUBANS CARELESS OF SANITATION

Don't Care Whether Yellow Fever Breaks Out.

Conditions Allowed to Accumulate Can Not Be Eradicated This Year.

GOVERNOR MAGOON'S REPORT.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The war department today made public a long eabled report from Gov. Magoon, of Cuba, which startled the medical officers, showing, as it does, that in the short period since the withdrawal of the American government of intervention and the re-assumption of the American government by the Cuban army of pacification, there had been a woeful neglect of sanitary precautions and an almost complete disregard of the treaty obligations under which the Palma government was placed to keep the island clean and healthful, so that it should no longer be a source of danger and infection to the United States and other countries.

The governor's report also disclosed the fact that the fever in this last outbreak has not been confined to the hospital corps men, but has extended to other soldiers. He also indicates that the evil sanitary conditions cannot be cured this year, in spite of the most vigorous efforts on the part of the American authorities, in which it appears they received little support from the native Cuban physicians.

Secretary Taft Alarmed.

Before he left Washington Secretary Taft became seriously concerned for the safety of the American troops and residents in Cuba as the result of the occurrence of yellow fever at Cienfuegos. He cabled to Governor Magoon a request for a full statement of the conditions, and urged the governor to take every step that prudence and experience should suggest to eradicate the disease. Governor Magoon complied by sending today's report.

The report says there are three cases in town exclusive of soldiers. "Twelve soldiers contracted the disease, and three of them died. All soldiers contracted the disease in hospital. No cases have appeared in soldiers' quarters."

The report adds: "Probably a case of yellow fever, so mild as to be unrecognizable, was admitted to the private hospital and stegomyia in hospital became infected and afterward got through the screen into quarters occupied by soldiers' hospital. Infected mosquitoes might have remained dormant during cool weather, in winter months, and become active when warm weather returned and escaped detection."

Cubans Indifferent.

"The Cubans are indifferent to this disease, and it is difficult to induce or compel native physicians to take the time and trouble to distinguish yellow fever from other fevers and make report thereon."

"If we accept the mosquito doctrine, we must relieve the local civil officials from responsibility, except for failure to secure reports of all cases of fever or increased temperatures, for it is a practical impossibility to eliminate the stegomyia from Cienfuegos until the completion of the waterworks, sewers, pavement, complete drainage of the city and discontinuance of use of water containers."

"After yellow fever made its appearance in the hospital at Cienfuegos it was found that the jar used to hold water run through the filter in the main hall of the hospital contained stegomyia larvae."

Improvements Delayed.

After detailing measures to investigate and designed to remedy the situation, Gov. Magoon says he hopes the situation will permit immediate construction of the Cienfuegos water works and sewers, now held up by the Kelly contract controversy. He adds: "I am pressing the public works department to complete plans for water and sewer systems, and hope to get work started in ten or fifteen cities within the next few months."

"Outside Cienfuegos there are three cases, two in Matanzas and one in Alacranes, near Matanzas. The remainder of the island is free from the disease. The situation calls for prompt and vigorous attention and will receive it, but is much better than it was last fall at this time and I hope will not occasion continued alarm. The military authorities of the United States and all branches of the Cuban government are co-operating heartily and fully."

The meteorites which hurt themselves at this sphere about 1,000 tons to its weight every three years.

18 Years' Success Indorsed by Business Men. Incorporated. \$300,000.00 Capital
29 Colleges in 16 States. Jan. F. Draughon, Pres.
Draughon's Colleges
Safe Reliable
PRACTICAL BUSINESS
Known as the Up-to-Date Business Schools
POSITIONS SECURED OR MONEY REFUNDED
FREE BY MAIL
A COURSE IN Book-keeping, English, or Illustrating FREE BY MAIL TO FIVE persons in each county, desiring to attend a business college, who will at once CLIP and send this notice (mentioning this paper) to Draughon's Fructious Bus. College: PADUCAH, 314 BROADWAY; or Evansville, Memphis or St. Louis.

LAKE BREEZES MANITOU
Can be Enjoyed in Safe Delight on the STEEL STEAMSHIP
First-Class Only—Passenger Service Exclusively
Three sailings weekly between Chicago, Cleveland, Harbor Springs and Mackinac Island, connecting for Detroit, Buffalo, Duluth and all Eastern and Canadian Ports.
This Steel Steamship MANITOU, Northport, Traverse City and Frankfort, Michigan, Chicago, Cleveland, Harbor Springs and Mackinac Island. Every weekday except Wednesday for Ludington and Mackinac. For Trip per week: \$10.00. For Trip per week: \$10.00. For Trip per week: \$10.00.
JOS. BEROLZHEIM, G. P. A. Manitou Steamship Co., Chicago, or R. F. CHURCH, G. P. A. Northern Michigan Trans. Co., Chicago.

Enjoy the Delights of a Lake Trip
Spend your vacation on the Great Lakes and travel via the large, safe and comfortable steamers of the D. & C. Line. Your round ticket agent will get you through tickets via the D. & C. Line to all Great Lake Resorts. A magnificent new steamer costing \$2,500,000 will be in service between Detroit and Cleveland for season 1906.
THE COAST LINE TO MACKINAC
D. & C. TIME TABLE
LAKE ERIE DIVISION
Leave Detroit daily 10:30 P. M.
Arrive Cleveland daily 5:15 A. M.
Leave Cleveland daily 10:15 P. M.
Arrive Detroit daily 5:30 A. M.
MACKINAC DIVISION
Lv. Toledo Mondays & Saturdays 9:30 A. M.
Lv. Toledo Tuesdays & Sundays 8:00 P. M.
Lv. Detroit Mondays & Saturdays 5:00 P. M.
Lv. Detroit Tuesdays & Sundays 9:30 A. M.
For Trip per week: \$10.00. For Trip per week: \$10.00. For Trip per week: \$10.00.
DETROIT & CLEVELAND NAV. CO. Fully Equipped, Safe, A. A. Bennett, Gen'l Mgr.

An Uninforming Witness.

"An obstinate witness is the bane of the lawyer's life," remarked a member of the bar whose practice is largely confined to criminal cases. "Not long ago I was engaged to defend a man accused of murder. One of the witnesses for the state was a stolid-faced individual whose testimony it was necessary for me to weaken. In my cross-examination I found him to be most exasperating. I couldn't get him down to any definite admission. For over two hours I labored with him, and realized that I was gaining no ground. To all my questions, with the face of a graven image he would reply, 'I really can't say,' or 'I don't remember,' or frankly, 'I don't know.'"

"Finally I lost my temper. 'You don't seem to know anything,' I exclaimed. 'You can't answer a simple question. Now perhaps you can answer this: What is your occupation?'"

"I am employed in a bureau of information," he replied, solemnly.

"Then I realized what I was up against and gave him up as a hopeless case."—New York Times.

City in War on Blackbirds.

Mount Vernon, Ill. Aug. 22.—Relentless warfare has been declared by citizens of Mount Vernon against the thousands of blackbirds which nightly flock into the city and roost in the shade trees until they have become such a nuisance that the mayor has granted special permits for the use of firearms to carry on the work of extermination.

Blackbird pies, such as have been sung about in nursery rhymes as "net before a king," are becoming a common dish in this locality, but regardless of the steady slaughter, the birds persist in returning with little inroads apparent in their ranks.

From all parts of Jefferson county come reports of their visitations. In many instances they have greatly damaged crops, and farmers are also slaughtering them in self-defense.

A Music Typewriter.

Lourenz Kromer, of Vienna, has invented a "music typewriter." With the aid of this instrument the composer may produce a typewritten scroll without the trouble of making the characters by hand. All that he has to do is to place himself at the piano and give free play to his creative fancies. Every stroke upon the keys is registered in regular musical characters upon a paper scroll wound upon a drum. The machine operates through a system of electric contacts with the piano keys. The registering apparatus, which resembles an ordinary typewriter in size, may, in order to remove discordant sounds, be placed at a distance from the piano, even in an adjoining room.

NEW STATE HOTEL

METROPOLIS, ILL.
D. A. Bailey, Prop.
Sweeter and best hotel in the city
Rates \$2.00. Two large sample rooms. Bath rooms, Electric Lights
The only centrally located hotel in the city.
COMMERCIAL PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

ROGERS' LIVERWORT TAR AND CANCHALAGUA

For the complete cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and Bronchitis and all Lung complaints according to the directions, Liverwort, Tar and Wild Cherry have been united in a standard preparation as a standard Cough Remedy. It contains no opium or harmful drugs, can be taken with safety to children. Price \$1.00. Sold by All Ales & Lays. Williams Mfg. Co., Props., Cleveland, O.

"Do you think it makes one nervous to eat much meat?" asked the valiant man.

"Yes," answered the economist, "if he thinks about the price."—Washington Star.

HENRY MAMMEN, JR.

REMOVED TO THIRD AND KENTUCKY.
Book Binding, Bank Work, Legal and Literary Work a specialty.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's New Discovery
FOR COUGHS
AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES.
GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

CALL IS MADE FOR IMMIGRATION ASS'N

Secretary Coons Outlines the Plans of Convention.

Committees Named By Association to Look After Meeting of the Purchase.

WHAT IS NOW ACCOMPLISHED

The Western Kentucky Immigration and Good Roads association will hold its second annual convention on September 26 and 27 in Paducah. Our first convention was held last October and 447 delegates were in attendance from various parts of Jackson's Purchase.

In view of the fact that we have demonstrated the feasibility of this immigration movement by having already located a substantial number of desirable families in this vicinity, we hope this year that universal interest will be shown in the work we are trying to do, in bringing in from abroad a desirable class of German immigrants, to settle on the vacant lands and fill up the waste places throughout the counties embraced in western Kentucky.

Every farmer and business man in western Kentucky should be interested in this movement, as he will certainly be benefited by the results.

It is not the purpose of the immigration association to bring in cheap labor to effect local labor one way or the other. Our efforts are directed to securing only those who desire to locate on farms and have money sufficient to make a substantial start in this work. The results we have obtained so far have been along these lines, and we have located only German families of means six or eight miles from Paducah, where they have purchased ground for farming and truck gardening. They have brought from abroad several thousand dollars in money, which they have invested in homes. It is the purpose of the association to carry on this work in every county in Jackson's purchase, and, while the co-operation we have received thus far has been limited almost entirely to local interest, we hope, by our convention and persistent efforts to bring all the people to see that this work is in the right direction and eventually enlist the hearty co-operation of those who desire improved conditions in western Kentucky in farming and business interests.

The question of good roads and interurban lines will be considered at the convention and if the business people will forget their business cares for two days and attend this convention and show their interest in these problems, great good will result to western Kentucky.

Yours very truly,
WESTERN KENTUCKY IMMIGRATION ASSOCIATION.

D. W. COONS, Sec'y.
The committees are:
Arrangements—S. A. Fowler, chairman; Harry L. Meyer, Jake Wallerstein, J. A. Rudy, Charles Weller, R. H. Nohle, D. J. Mulaney, Zack Cokerell.
Finance—W. L. Bower, chairman; E. B. Johnson, L. W. Hennesberger, Harry Hank, J. S. Heccker, Ed K. Bruns, C. K. Lamond, Felix Rogers.
Good Roads—E. B. Johnson, chairman; R. H. Noble, T. W. Lintrell, W. L. Yancey, O. W. Kewellson, Capt. Ed Farley, W. H. Voita, M. H. Tapp.
Entertainment—Wallace Well, chairman; George C. Thompson, W. F. Bradshaw, C. K. Wheeler, Fred Schaffer, J. L. Friedman, J. P. Smith, H. A. Petter, C. H. Chambliss.

Held at Federal Court.
Ed Scott and Jennie Clark, colored, were held over to the federal grand jury by United States Commissioner W. A. Gardner, for passing a \$1 bill which had been raised to \$5. The case was worked up by Patrolmen Clark and Shelby, the former learning that the woman was implicated, and succeeding in sweating a confession out of her. A. J. Donahoe, of Louisville, the United States secret service officer, was here to assist in the prosecution, and returned home last night. Scott and the Clark woman were unable to give a \$300 bond and went to jail.

Rural Routes in Kentucky.
Washington, Aug. 22.—Official figures show that there were 669 rural delivery routes in operation in Kentucky on August 1, and 25 petitions for new routes pending before the department. Twenty routes have been discontinued. The total number of petitions referred was 1,276 and 562 adverse reports had been made.

"I'm going to Maude's wedding tonight." "Been married ten years, has she?" "No; she's to be married to her tenth husband."—Judge.

Want ads. for results.

A WORD IN SEASON.



Young Hopetul (in a stage whisper): "When this is over, we're goin' to play trades."

CLEW DISCOVERED

CHICAGO POLICE WORKING ON GREAT MAIL ROBBERY.

At Lincoln Say It Was Not Quarter Million Dollars—Oanda Knows Nothing.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—The local police are working on a clew in connection with the mail robbery of \$250,000 Sunday night on the Burlington railroad.

A bulk package was mailed to Chicago from a point near Denver shortly after the robbery. The police have the name of the man to whom it was addressed and say he is such a person as would be chosen as an intermediary for thieves.

Men Refuse to Talk.
Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 22.—According to the railway postal officers here the amount of money stolen from the postal car on the Burlington last Thursday night was not \$250,000, as at first rumored, or anything like that sum, but the authorities refuse to say just what the amount is. That the money disappeared at or near Oxford, Neb., is not denied. The packages were en route from Denver to Chicago, and their disappearance was first noticed when the train left Oxford.

It is denied that there was a transfer of mails from one car to another at Oxford.

No Clew at Omaha.
Omaha, Neb., Aug. 22.—Absolutely no clew has yet been obtained to the perpetrators of the \$250,000 mail sack robbery on the Burlington fast mail between Omaha and Denver, although Burlington railroad officials in Omaha, Chicago and Denver deny any robbery took place. The postoffice officials acknowledge that the registered pouches have been stolen. Every inspector and secret service man in the west is working on the case.

RIVER NEWS

River Stages.			
Calo	20.5	0.1	rise
Chattanooga	4.0	0.6	rise
Cincinnati	10.9	0.7	rise
Evansville	7.3	0.5	fall
Florence—missing.			
Johnsontown—missing.			
Louisville	4.4	0.1	rise
Mt. Carmel	3.8	0.1	fall
Nashville	7.5	...	std
Pittsburg	5.7	0.1	fall
St. Louis	18.3	0.2	fall
Mt. Vernon	6.5	0.9	fall
Paducah	8.2	...	std

Yesterday Attorney Lewis M. Coleman, representing Lewis Blackwell, administrator of the estate of Van Blackwell, his son, filed a suit in circuit court for \$1,000 against the Tennessee River Navigation company and the Chattanooga Packet company, saying the Chattanooga Times. The complaint in the case is a negro, but according to the statements made

by Mr. Coleman to a Times reporter the suit will develop into rather sensational charges against some member of the crew of the steamer John A. Patten, that may eventually result in the arrest of some one on the charge of murder.

Mr. Coleman stated that his declaration in the suit will be that Van Blackwell, while employed on the John A. Patten as a deck hand, was struck and killed last January by some member of the crew and his body thrown into the river near Guntersville, Ala. Whether or not the body was ever found is not learned, but Mr. Coleman further stated that from his investigation of the matter it appears to be a common practice among those in charge of the deck hands on the river steamers to strike members of the crew whenever they believed the deck hand deserved it.

"Sometimes," he continued, "the negro is killed. Whenever this is the case, his body is thrown into the river and that is the last heard of the matter."

The suit at present is purely a civil case for damages, but if the facts brought out in the damage suit prove to be as expected it is not at all unlikely that a case of murder will be made out against some one.

This morning the river was on a stand with the gauge at the 8.3 mark. Weather cloudy and plenty of freight moving.

Trouble with rosters kept the Clyde here until this morning. Rosters declined to work and the officers had to start out after others, and it was this morning at 8:30 o'clock before the boat pulled out. This was one of the biggest trips the steamer has ever had. Freight was everywhere on the deck, and the passenger cabin was filled with pleasure parties for the round trip.

The Kentucky is due to arrive tomorrow morning from the Tennessee river.

The Chattanooga is at Joppa unloading freight. She will return here this evening and receive freight all day tomorrow for the Tennessee river.

The J. B. Richardson will run an excursion to Metropolis tomorrow. The Richardson has dates for a week ahead.

The Pavana has arrived from the Tennessee river with a tow of five.

The John S. Hopkins was the Evansville packet today, and plenty of freight was here for the packet.

The Hob Dudley left on time yesterday for the Cumberland river. She was let into the river yesterday afternoon and left last evening with a good trip.

Emerson's show boat left this morning for the upper Ohio river.

The Lydia is still on the ways receiving repairs, and it will be until the first of next week before she is placed into the river.

Two barges from Mount Vernon are on the dry docks receiving a general overhauling.

The Faunt Wallace was busy around the wharf this morning doing harbor work.

Offical Forecasts.
The Ohio at Evansville and Mt. Vernon, will continue falling during the next 12 to 36 hours, then rise slowly. At Paducah, will continue falling during the next 36 hours. At Cairo, not much change during the next 24 hours.

The Tennessee from Florence to the mouth, not much change during the next 24 hours.

The Mississippi, from below St. Louis to Cairo, will continue rising slowly during the next 12 to 36 hours.

Else's father sprained his leg, the result of a bicycle accident, and was obliged to stay in bed.

"Mother," said his little daughter, who was embroidering a pair of slippers for his birthday, "are they going to cut off papa's leg?"

"Good gracious no, child. What makes you ask such a question?"

"Because then I should only have to work one slipper."—Nos Loisirs.

MAYFIELD.

Mayfield, Ky., Aug. 22.—Alleging that Dr. W. W. Senter had not properly treated the seven-year-old son of Mrs. Martha Ballard in his professional practice, he is now made defendant in a suit in circuit court for \$20,000.

The style of the action is William Jennings Bryan Ballard, by his next best friend, C. M. Bright, against W. W. Senter.

The petition avers "that in August, 1905, the said Bryan Ballard fell from a wagon by which the left arm was fractured and broken between the wrist and elbow and Dr. Senter was called to attend the infant by Martha Ballard, mother of the infant."

"And on account of defendant failing to give proper attention and use a reasonable or ordinary amount of skill and care in attending the case and injuries, said infant's left arm and hand are now and have been since such treatment, stiff, twisted, drawn, disfigured and deformed and permanently disabled member from performing manual labor and deprived of use."

Standfield Bros. are the attorneys for the plaintiff.

Miss Iva Bailey, of Coldwater, died Tuesday morning after an illness of long trouble. She was the daughter of Mr. Jim Bailey, and was 19 years of age. She was a bright, young woman and had many friends. In the county who will be pained to learn of her death. The funeral took place Wednesday.

Paul Henson, the 12-year-old son of J. P. Henson, of Boaz, was seriously injured Sunday night by being thrown from a buggy against a wire fence. A gash was cut in his throat, which required nine stitches to close up. Drs. Craig and Thompson were summoned to attend him and dress the wound.

The local court met in called session at the court house. Messrs. W. J. Webb and S. H. Crossland and County Attorney Joe Weeks presented to the court an order stating that the court, when it made the levy last October, erred to the extent of the amount of the levy over 50 cents on the one hundred dollars worth of property and also in the levy of the poll tax for road purposes. The order further stated that the levy for general purposes was 38 cents on the \$100 and the poor fund 4 cents on the \$100. The court ordered that 15 cents be taken off fund for general purposes, and 2 cents be taken off the poor fund and that the poll tax for road purposes be taken off and that the sheriff be credited with the amount and ordered to pay back such amounts to persons who have already paid their taxes for the year. This leaves the levy within the constitutional limit.—Mayfield Messenger.

Wireless in Warfare.
Both the army and navy, it is understood, have begun activities looking to the complete equipment of their respective branches of the service with wireless telegraph apparatus at as early a date as possible, so that in the event of war they may not be handicapped by the effects of such a strike as is now embarrassing the whole country. It is said that the war department will at once take steps to establish a chain of wireless stations across the United States from New York to San Francisco, so that independent communication can quickly be established between those two points. Further than this, the equipment bureau of the navy will push the equipment of all naval vessels with the apparatus, making possible quick and steady "relayed" messages from Washington to the far east in case of emergency. Secretary Taft this week granted permission to the United Fruit company of Boston to establish a private wireless station at San Antonio, Cuba, to complete a system which it is constructing for communication with its fruit plantations in Central America.

One of the newest domestic conveniences is a jointed clothes prop which folds up for convenience in storing away.

"GENERAL" FRY DEAD.
Man Who Led Division of Coxey's Army Passes Away.

St. Louis, Aug. 22.—"General" Lewis Cass Fry is dead at Brice, Mo. He acquired the title of "General Fry" in 1894 when he led 3,800 men, comprising the Pacific coast division of Coxey's army, from San Francisco to Washington. His widow and daughter survive him.

Hook—"Mr. and Mrs. Squabbles don't seem to get along very well together." Nye—"They have only themselves to blame." Hook—"Well, I guess they do it."—Philadelphia Record.

The pen may be mightier than the sword, all right, but the ink used thereon often fades too quickly.

KENTUCKY LEADS HER SISTER STATE

Tennessee Coal Production Does Not Compare.

All Washington Interested in Nine-Foot Channel for Ohio River's Length.

WIRELESS SYSTEM FOR ARMY.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Comparative figures on the production of coal in Kentucky and Tennessee during the calendar year 1906 show that the Blue Grass state mined something over three million short tons more than her sister state, but this is nothing against the latter commonwealth, as Kentucky's coal-producing region is approximately 18,980 square miles as contrasted with the 4,400 square miles in Tennessee. Kentucky's total production for the year was 9,652,647 short tons, with a spot value of \$9,849,938, showing an increase over the output for the previous year of 1,221,124 tons and a monetary increase of \$1,424,706. The value of the 9,259,275 tons of coal produced by Tennessee in 1906 was \$7,667,415, an increase of 295,873 tons in weight and \$869,865 in value over the output for 1905. The coal mining operations in Tennessee gave employment to 11,452 men during the year for an average of 229 days each, while 15,272 miners found employment in the Blue Grass coal fields for an average of 212 days each. The geological survey reports that the number of mining machines increased materially in both states during the year, but the total amount of machine-mined coal was scarcely sufficient to affect the statistics of labor efficiency.

Nine-Foot Channel.

Much interest is felt here in the renewed efforts of the people of the Ohio valley to secure the endorsement of the board of reviews of the engineer corps to the project for a nine-foot channel in the Ohio from Pittsburg to Cairo. The far-reaching effect of such a waterway on freight rates is appreciated in Washington, and the determined efforts of the communities and cities more or less directly concerned have won applause. Notwithstanding the fact that Washington is in no sense a commercial city, nowhere is the vital necessity for widespread betterment of work along these lines more fully realized. The national rivers and harbors congress, which for six years has been working for the improvement of the nation's rivers and harbors as a whole, has many advocates here, and therefore Washington was enthusiastic whenever any scheme of betterment work is advanced. They are especially interested in the Ohio valley project, for the reason that it is vital to the commercial interests of fully one-half of the United States and will revolutionize the freight traffic of Pittsburg and of the entire Ohio and Mississippi valleys. It even is contended that it will materially affect the freight rates of the vast region from the Atlantic coast to the trans-Mississippi states, as well as of the entire south. At the present time the national rivers and harbors congress is exhausting every effort to recruit a greater membership, so that it may be assured of success in its coming campaign with the sixtieth congress for continued rivers and harbors appropriations.

Wireless in Warfare.
Both the army and navy, it is understood, have begun activities looking to the complete equipment of their respective branches of the service with wireless telegraph apparatus at as early a date as possible, so that in the event of war they may not be handicapped by the effects of such a strike as is now embarrassing the whole country. It is said that the war department will at once take steps to establish a chain of wireless stations across the United States from New York to San Francisco, so that independent communication can quickly be established between those two points. Further than this, the equipment bureau of the navy will push the equipment of all naval vessels with the apparatus, making possible quick and steady "relayed" messages from Washington to the far east in case of emergency. Secretary Taft this week granted permission to the United Fruit company of Boston to establish a private wireless station at San Antonio, Cuba, to complete a system which it is constructing for communication with its fruit plantations in Central America.

Why Thirteen is Unlucky.
It is usually stated that the superstitious objection to sitting at a table is Christian countries was based on the fact of the last supper, when Christ and his twelve disciples sat down to eat together, immediately after the Saviour was seized by his enemies.

But in the Norse mythology which is supposed to antedate the introduction of Christianity among the Northmen, we find the superstition referred to the fact that at a banquet of the gods, Loki, the spirit of mischief, intruded himself, making thirteen at the table, wherefore there was a fight and Haldour, a young hero especially loved by all the gods, was killed. For the fact is the objection to this number seems to have existed even before Christianity. Among the Turks the number is so disliked and feared that it is never named; with the Aztecs, the aborigines of Mexico it was believed to have magic power and a like fancy has been found in other tribes.

Among the ignorant blacks of the south the fear of this number in any connection is actually absurd, but whether they have borrowed this idea from their imperfect knowledge of Christianity or whether it is a

survive of the Vodoun worship of their ancestors it is impossible to say, for the superstition has a strong hold everywhere, even among those who should know better than to be swayed by it. In Italy it is never used in making up the numbers of the front tierceres, and in Paris it is omitted in numbering the houses on the streets.—The Housekeeper.

Making It Easy for Them.
A Chicago man recently sent out as wedding presents to a bride and groom of whom he thought a great deal, two chairs that were exactly alike. A lady who had attended the wedding met him a few days later and delicately asked him why he had sent two chairs. If he had put all his money in one chair he might have made his present appear magnificent, whereas neither of the chairs he had purchased was especially impressive.

"I realize that," he said, "but I wanted to fix it so that the division of the spoils might be simplified when they get their divorce."—Chicago Herald.

Father Impressed.—"Consider our numerous captives of industry and keep in mind that nearly all were the architects of their own fortunes." Son—"Sure" But you don't see any of them exhibiting blue-prints of the details of construction?—Pack.

The Breeding Sun—One a week

SKIRT SALE

If you were at the skirt sale today you fully realized that every word of what we advertised was true, and if you obtained a skirt we are doubly sure you are well pleased. All around you could hear people expressing themselves that it's the most beautiful assortment of skirts they ever saw, and so very reasonable. Yes, they are reasonable, for we could get at least one-fourth more for them than we are asking, but we want the people to share with us; we don't want it all.

Now, if you thought of coming down today and did not get here, why, don't put it off again tomorrow, for you will be the loser.

For Friday

To Make Things Lively Friday we are going to put on two more specials.

We are going to offer you a lot of Eton Jackets and short suit jackets in white linen; they are worth up to \$2.50; all in one lot, Friday 98c for.

Nice to wear during cool evenings.

Also a lot of Wrappers, made of good material, nicely trimmed, light or dark, for about the cost of making 98c

DRY GOODS & CARPETS
OGILVIE'S
THE STORE OF THE PEOPLE
"The Store for You."

One Hundred NEW LINEN SUITS

Just in at

\$3.48

For Choice

Levy's

\$3.48

For Choice

Linen suits, box coats, extra full skirts with folds, a few lines, but most of them are white. Some of them are a little soiled and tubbing would help them before they are worn. These suits are worth \$8 to \$10, but, as they were bought very cheap from a large factory in New York to close out, we will offer them for sale Friday and Saturday, choice \$3.48

Sale Opens Friday Morning at 9:30 O'clock.

LEVY'S, - 317 Broadway